THE MORNING STAR

Gives the Largest Quantity,

And Variety of Reading Matter,

Of Any Daily Newspaper In North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
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12	13	14	15	16	17	18
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OUTLINES.

The Southern Presbyterian General Assembly appoints delegates to the Pan-Presbyterian Council, which meets at Glasgow, Scotland, in June, 1896; several important reports of committees were docketed for future consideration. —— The Confederate Veterans' Convention, in session at Houston, Texas, adopts a new Constitution; the report of the Committee on Credentials show the number of voting delegates to be 1,602. —— Between seven and eight hundred delegates were present at the opening of the Sound Money Convention in Memphis.—General Catchings, of Mississippi, was made permanent chairman of the Convention; Secretary Carlisle makes a speech, the delivery of which occupies an hour and a half; resolutions were passed endorsing the work of the reform committee on sound money in New York, and urging the formation of sound money leagues and clubs throughout the South; after a farewell address from Congressman Patterson, the Convention adjourned *sine die*. —— Indications are that the election in Virginia for town and county officers were favorable to the Democrats. —— Richmond has been selected as the place for the next reunion of Confederate Veterans. —— Chicago Grain and Provision Market. —— Cotton Spots and Futures, —— Record of the base ball games played yesterday. —— New York markets: Money on call easy at 1@1½ per cent., last loan at 1 per cent., and closing offered at 1 per cent; cotton dull; middling gulf 7 9-16c: middling uplands 7 5-16c; Southern flour quiet and firm; common to fair extra $3.65@3.40; good to choice do $3.50@4 25; wheat dull and stronger, with options; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 80½c cents; afloat 80 cents; corn fairly active and firmer; No. 2 at elevator 59⅜ cents; afloat 60⅜ cents; spirits turpentine quiet and steady at 29½ @30 cents; rosin steady and quiet; common to good strained $1.65@1.67½.

A prominent citizen of West Virginia wants his State to adopt the honeysuckle as her flower. Why not adopt Stephen B. Elkins? He's a daisy.

Senator Brice's two daughters have supplied themselves with some stunning bicycle costumes, and will soon sail for Europe and do France on the wheel.

The City of Mexico is a smokeless city. There isn't a chimney, fireplace, stove, grate or furnace in the whole city. All the cooking is done in ovens, with charcoal as fuel.

In spite of the example of the Chicago man who killed himself by licking an envelope, the editor of the Augusta *Chronicle* declares that he isn't afraid to lick an envelope and will go right on licking 'em as usual.

Joe Caldwell, of the Charlotte *Observer*, is now whistling "Wait 'til the clouds [with the silver lining] roll by." Meantime, he discusses editorially "Watered Milk and Typhoid Fever," "Women and Work," and "Sich like."

An Indiana town was bragging about triplet girls the other day, and now she is chuckling over a girl baby which is the fourteenth daughter of a fourteenth daughter of a fourteenth daughter. There was no thirteen in that, but it was a pretty close shave.

The Washington *Post* quotes a prominent New York lawyer as saying that Mr. Choate got a retainer of $100,000 to argue the income tax, with an understanding that he was to get another $100,000 if he succeeded in having the law declared unconstitutional.

The man who enjoys steamboat riding and wants to do it cheap can get all he wants by going to St. Louis where rate-cutting is so lively between the steamboat companies that they are carrying passengers 600 miles for $1.50, including state-rooms and meals.

Montgomery county, Maryland, buried a citizen the other day, who, although forty one years old, had never been on a railroad, nor inside of a court room, and never been outside of his county but once. Happy man. He did not want the earth. Montgomery county was big enough for him.

THE MORNING STAR

VOL. LVI.—NO. 50. WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, MAY 24, 1895. WHOLE NO. 8,756

THE MORNING STAR, THE OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.

A Nebraska court has affirmed the inalienable right of a free born American citizen to peep through the crack of a fence and take in a baseball game if he does not feel like shelling out his lucre at the gate for the privilege of walking in and beholding the cranks perform. It reversed the finding of a police court which fined a man for peeping. The court held that while the parties having control of the enclosure might own the fence they had no fee simple title to the cracks, which were common property, and that there was no law to prevent a person from looking through them provided he did not go through himself.

It is said that Japan is indebted to an accident for the small number of her soldiers who were killed in battle in China. To keep themselves warm the soldiers padded their clothes with silk floss which made them in a great measure bullet proof, which, with the bad marksmanship of the Chinese shooters, who were better scooters than shooters, accounts for the small number killed.

A practical joker of Guthrie, Oklahoma, discovered too late that the patent medicine vendor isn't a good thing to fool with. He concluded he would scare the medicine man by playing road agent on him, but the medicine man was quick with his gun, and next day the friends of the practical joker had a funeral which he led.

Bad boys in Brooklyn amuse themselves by strewing tacks in the bicycle paths in the parks and listening to the remarks of the wheelers when they discover the tacks. The tacks are bad on the pneumatic tires.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BASE BALL—At Hilton Park.

JAS. D. NUTT—Comp'd syrup of prunes

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

WANTED—First-class salesman.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. Ralph Gray, of Newbern, was in the city yesterday.

— Messrs. W. S. Cook, J. L. Prior, and John B. Underwood of Fayetteville, are in the city.

— Mr. T. E. Wallace left last night for Washington, D. C., on a business visit.

— Mr. J. A. Matthews, of Magnolia, was in the city yesterday visiting wholesale merchants.

— Mr. Arther Whitley, of the Jacksonville *Times*, was in the city yesterday, accompanied by his wife.

— Mr. W. B. Jordan, of Rocky Mount, the STAR'S special travelling agent, was in the city yesterday.

— The STAR is glad to learn that Mr. S. P. Adams, of the A. C. L. roadway department, is able to be out again.

— Mr. Geo. W. Williams, who has been confined to his house for two weeks past with an attack of grip, was out yesterday.

— Mr. C. A. Ezekiel, of Richmond, Va., representing the *Jewish South*, was a visitor at the STAR office yesterday.

— Lieut. Jno. Cantwell, of the *Colfax*, who has been doing special service at Savannah, Ga., has returned to his old post.

— Lieut. O. S. Willey and wife, formerly of this city but now residing at Key West, Fla., who have been visiting friends here, left yesterday for Philadelphia to visit his parents. Mr. Willey is now first lieutenant on the cutter *McLean*.

— Captain W. R. Kenan, who went to Greensboro as "mascot" for the University of N. C. baseball team, but forgot to carry his rabbit foot, has returned with a basketful of "goose eggs," which he will sell cheap on account of the near approach of hot weather.

— Messrs. L. F. Murrill, Jacksonville; T. E. Darden, Hamilton; J. B. McFadgen, Westbrook; K. R. Murrell, Columbia; T. Q. Hall, Wallace; E. F. McCulloch, Bladen; W. H. Lewis, Timmonsville; C. Hansen, A. A. Maynard, H. B. Short, E. M. Wooten, W. E. Neal, N. C.; C. L. Banner, Mount Airy; W. B. Stevens, Southport; H. Butters, Hub, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

Cotton Region Bulletin.

The minimum temperature at Wilmington yesterday was 49 degrees; at Charlotte, 44; Cheraw42; Florence 46; Goldsboro, 44; Greensboro 42: Lumberton 50; Newbern 44; Weldon 42; Raleigh 44.

There was no rain in this district but heavy rains were reported in Alabama, Lousiana ane Mississippi.

Buy No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the STAR offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale" are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should any newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the STAR not so stamped, he should be promptly reported at this office.

Southport's Postmaster.

The *Leader* says: "On account of irregularities in office, postmaster W. R. Ferguson has been suspended, and his bondholders have temporarily filled the office here by appointing Miss Florence Price to act as postmaster for Southport.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— Strawberries sold in Charlotte Wednesday for 25 cents a peck.

— Local forecast: Increasing cloudiness with rain; slightly warmer; northeasterly winds.

— The annual meeting of the Memorial Association is postponed until Tuesday next at 4.30 o'clock.

— The choir for Dr. Wharton's revival meetings are requested to meet at the First Baptist Church to-night.

— The Cape Fear Club was closed last night on account of the death of Mrs. T. M. Emerson, Mr. Emerson being a member of the club.

— The schooner *Julia Fowler* which arrived here leaking a few days ago is discharging her cargo of lumber, preparatory to undergoing repairs.

— 'Squire John G. Wagner of Masonboro, who came to town very early yesterday morning, reports having seen both frost and ice near the Southeastern limits of the city.

— The *Observer* tells who was "first, second and third" in the shoot of the Charlotte gun club, Wednesday, but it doesn't say how many clay pigeons each man "busted" out of a "possible" 25.

— The members of the Grocer's Association of Charlotte were so well pleased with their excursion to Wilmington last year that they have decided to have another of the same kind about June 15th.

— There will be a game of ball at Hilton Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock between the "Light-Weights" and the "Beneficials," for the benefit of the Old Ladies Home. Admission 10 cents. Ladies free.

— The STAR learns that Mrs. W. E. Mayo will conduct the Oceanic hotel at Carolina Beach this season. This means an abundance of all the seaside delicacies prepared in the most appetizing manner.

— The Southport *Leader* says that a wharf is to be erected at the "Rocks" in place of the old one that was carried away, that the *Wilmington* may land fishing parties, and to facilitate the government work in that part of the river.

— The "Black Stockings," of Wilmington, will play a game of ball with the "Excelsiors," of Newbern, at the latter place, June 8d. Schenck, of the "Black Stockings," will change the meaning of "Excelsior" from higher to lower.

ENTERTAINMENT

To Be Given by the Cape Fear Academy Literary Society in Aid of Gen. Colston.

CAPE FEAR ACADEMY, May 22,

A meeting of the Cape Fear Academy Literary Society was called at 10 a. m. to consider the report of Gen. R. E. Colston's helpless condition. It was unanimously decided that an entertainment should be given on the 15th of June, the proceeds to be presented to Gen. Colston by the Society. A committee of nine was appointed to make the necessary arrangements and receive voluntary contributions from those who are interested in his behalf.

The committee is as follows: T. R. Orrell, chairman; C. F. Green, Robt. Nash, Claude Gore, G. Kirby Collier, J. Owens Reilly, T. E. Brown, F. Nash DeRosset, W. P. Croom.

By order of the President,

T. R. ORRELL, Secretary.

Musicale.

A musicale and lawn party was given last night at the residence of Mr. Joe N. Bowden, on Seventh street, for the benefit of one of the societies of Grace M. E. Church. A delightful evening was spent by those present. Refreshments of all kinds were served by the ladies.

The following was the musicale programme, which was rendered throughout in an admirable manner: Instrumental duet, by Misses Lavender and Hall. Alto solo, Miss Florence Hanby. Duet, Mr. A. S. Holden and Mrs. Jas. Calder. Soprano solo, Miss Lidie Whitney. Tenor solo, Mr. Jas. D. Smith. Soprano solo, Mrs. Jas. Calder. Bass solo. Mr. A. S. Holden.

Base Ball at Hilton Park To-day.

The Black Stockings will play a picked team from the best ball players in the city this afternoon at Hilton Park. A good game is promised. The players for the Black Stockings are Jno. Gause, catch; Son Addison, pitch; Schenck, first base; "Black-cat," second base; Son (Mice) McRae, third base; Jas. (Monk) Phillips, short stop; Ed (Cooley) Evans, right field; Will Burnett, centre field; Charles Burnett, left field.

The game will begin at half-past 3 o'clock.

Death of Mrs. Fry.

The STAR learns with regret of the death of Mrs. Annie Fry, wife of Capt. J. W. Fry, General Manager of the C. F. & Y. V. R. R, which occurred at her home in Greensboro, last Wednesday. She was a most estimable woman, daughter of the late Col. Julius Gray, who was President of the C. F. & Y. V. R. R. at the time of his death, and grand-daughter of the late Governor Morehead.

Frost Yesterday Morning.

There was a light frost in this city and vicinity yesterday morning, but whether it caused any damage could not be learned. Reports from Rocky Point were that a heavy frost in that section had caused considerable injury to the bean crop. Truck farmers generally complain that the continued cool weather and cold rains are seriously affecting everything that is above ground.

Death of Mr. John J. Gorman.

Mr. John J. Gorman, ex-sheriff of New York, died last Tuesday, in that city of paralysis. Mr. Gorman was 67 years of age. He was well known to many persons in Wilmington, being largely interested in the Imperial Pine Product Company here.

ENTERTAINMENT BY AMATEURS

In Aid of the Cruiser Raleigh Silver Service Fund.

The performance to be given for the cruiser *Raleigh's* silver service fund has been postponed from May 29th to the following night, Thursday, May 30th. This was done by the managers as they feel that a great many parents who would like to see the entertainment would have been unable to do so because of the public school entertainment that takes place on the 29th, and in which many of their children take part.

The performers are actively engaged in rehearsing under the direction of Mr. K. M. Murchison, Jr., and he promises a decided hit for the comedy entitled "One Too Many for Him," which is to form part of the programme. A bit of color will be added to the performance by the presence, in full uniform, of several members of the Naval Reserves who will act as ushers.

The music will be under the direction of Mr. Schumacker, who promises an interesting programme. Mr. W. Merrell has charge of the stage and is sparing no pains to make the setting and costumes the finest ever seen here.

Tickets will be on sale at Yates' book store on Market street on Monday, May 27th, and the days following.

Death of Mrs. T. M. Emerson.

Mrs. Emerson, wife of Mr. T. M. Emerson, traffic manager of the Atlantic Coast Line, died yesterday afternoon at the residence of the family in this city, after an illness of only a few days duration, and in the 36th year of her age.

The deceased was the daughter of Col. Champ Davis, killed at the battle of Seven Pines, near Richmond, Va., in 1862, while in command of the Sixteenth Regiment N. C. State Troops, and his wife, Mrs. Eliza Davis, second daughter of the late N. N. Nixon. She was born in this city, and in September, 1877, was married to Mr. Emerson. Besides her mother and husband, she leaves three young children, Neill Davis, aged fifteen years, Eleanor Chase, athirten years, and Lillie Elliot, ten years. She was an earnest, Christian woman, a member of St. John's Episcopal Church and an active worker among the Society of King's Daughters.

The announcement of Mrs. Emerson's sad and untimely death will cause sorrow not only here in Wilmington, but in other communities, where she had many loving and devoted friends. Their deepest sympathy will go out to the sorrow-stricken household, the widowed mother and the bereaved husband and children in their deep affliction.

The funeral will take place this afternoon at 5 o'clock, from St. John's Church.

Knights of Pythias.

Hon. Walter B. Richie, of Lima, Ohio, Supreme Chancellor, and Mr. R. L. White, of Nashville, Tenn., Supreme Keeper of Records and Seals of the World, Order of Knights of Pythias, arrived here yesterday at 11.50 a. m., by train on the W., C. & A. railroad.

The party were met with carriages by a committee representing the Pythian lodges of Wilmington, who took them for an hour's drive around the city. The committee consisted of Mr. W. F. Robertson, of Stonewall Lodge No. 1; Col. Walker Taylor, of Clarendon Lodge No. 2; Mr. J. G. L. Gieschen, of Germania Lodge No. 4; and Mr. James W. Monroe, of Jefferson Lodge No. 61.

After the drive around the city the visitors were the guests of Supreme Representative Meares at his residence, No. 408 Market street. At 2.30 p. m. they were taken on a trip over the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad to the ocean, where an oyster roast was served.

To-day the visitors will be given a sail around the harbor and on the Cape Fear.

The Opera Last Night.

The large and fashionable audience which greeted the performance at the Opera House last night of the Andrews' Opera Company, bore testimony of the fact that Wilmingtonians never lose an opportunity to reward merit. And everybody pronounced the rendition of Auber's Comic Opera, "Fra Diavola," as fine. The principal artists were Miss Florence Clayton as *Lady Allcash*, Miss Myra Morella, as *Zorina*, and Mr. Andrews, as *Fra Diavolo*. Mr. Andrews' baritone and Mr. Jay Taylor's tenor received much applause, but Miss Morella probably made herself more popular than any other one of the cast by her sweet singing, graceful dancing and charming manners. In the retiring scene she was especially interesting. The two bandits, Messrs. Ed. Andrews and Fred. Clayton, furnished a large portion of the amusement.

The troupe will go from here to Norfolk, Va, where they will play next Monday night.

National League Yesterday.

There were several changes of position as the result of the baseball games yesterday. Pittsburg resumes first place, and Cincinnati drops to second. Chicago won, but remains at third. Cleveland won, also, but without getting above fourth. Boston and New York both lost, but remain fifth and sixth respectively. Philadelphia won, making her seventh. Baltimore lost, thus dropping to eighth. The positions of St. Louis, Brooklyn, Washington and Louisville are unchanged.

THE WEATHER.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N C., May 24.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 6 a. m., 57°; 8 p. m., 61°; maximum, 67°; minimum, 49°; mean, 58°

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall for the month up to date 3.78 inches.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina: Threatening weather with showers; southerly winds.

For South Carolina: Northeasterly winds, becoming southerly.

RALEIGH HAPPENINGS.

NEWS OF MORE OR LESS MOMENT FROM THE CAPITAL CITY.

Commencement at Peace Institute—Board of Aldermen—Electric Lights—Grand Council of Junior Order United American Mechanics—A Cycle Club Organized.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., May 23.

The commencement at Peace Institute begins to-night. The programme to-morrow will consist of numbers in elocution, physical culture, vocal and instrumental music.

It is reported that Mr. E. P. Moses, superintendent of the graded schools, has decided not to accept the offer from the South Carolina College, and that he will recall his resignation. The secretary of the school committee knows nothing of it.

The Board of Aldermen meet to-morrow night in their first regular meeting. There are many things of importance to come up before them for consideration.

The re-election of a police force is agitating a good many people.

The Raleigh Electric Company turned on their lights last night for the first time. The machinery worked well and the lights gave entire satisfaction.

The executive committee of the State Fair meets here on the 28th to decide upon a place of holding the State Fair. The citizens of Raleigh have been asked for $3,500, and if this amount is raised the Fair will remain.

The First Baptist Sunday School has decided to pic nic in Greensboro. They will go by special train Wednesday week, if the Guilford battle-ground can be obtained for the use of the scholars.

Mr. Henry S. Lowry, of Franklin county, was married last evening to Mrs. Mollie H. Baker. Mrs. Baker lost her husband about a year ago by an accident and she received $11,000 insurance.

The case of Goodwin vs. the Carraleigh Phosphate Mills, where plaintiff claims defendant failed to comply with the law in not tagging guano sacks with State tags, was to have come up this morning at 11 o'clock. The lawyers have gotten together and it is more than likely that a compromise will be effected.

The Grand Council of the Junior Order of United American Mechanics will meet in this city next Tuesday. Councils from all over the State will be here, and it is likely that the session will last several days.

Mrs. Stonewall Jackson and little grand-daughter, Julia Jackson Christian, left to-day for Charlotte.

The Capital City Cycle Club has been organized, and will take regular spins.

Two white women were arrested in Clayton yesterday, by Deputy Marshal Perry, for retailing beer without license. They were brought here and given a hearing. One was dismissed and the other gave a hundred dollar bond for her appearance at the term of the Federal Court, which convenes next Monday.

Mr. Alf. A. Thompson, a prominent cotton broker, left to-day for New York, where he sails on the *Etruria*, Saturday, for Liverpool. Mr. W. R. Tucker left last night, bound for a pleasure trip in the old country.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

On complaint of the Navassa Guano Company, asking for a reduction of the present freight rate on fertilizers from Wilmington to stations on the Lynchburg & Durham Railroad, a reduction of ten per cent. from the present rate was ordered by the Railroad Commission.

NEW YORK TRUCK MARKETS.

Full and Reliable Reports of Markets For Southern Fruits and Vegetables. By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 23.—Strawberries irregular in quality and prices. Potatoes in moderate receipt, but quiet and rather easy. Fancy ripe tomatoes scarce. Peas, cabbage and beans in liberal supply and weaker. Strawberries—Norfolk, poor to prime, quiet, 3 to 7 cents; ditto North Carolina choice, 8 to 10 cents; ditto ditto others, 4 to 7 cents; ditto Maryland, poor to choice, 5 to 10 cents; ditto eastern shore Virginia, 5 to 6 cents. Asparagus, extra, dozen bunches, $1.75 to 2.00; ditto others, $1.00 to 1.50. Beets, per crate, 75 cents to $1.50; ditto Charleston, 100 bunches, $2.00 to 5.00. Cukes—Florida, per crate, 60 cents to $1.00; ditto ditto basket, 75 cents to $1.30. Cabbages, Charleston, per barrel crate, $1.50 to 1.75; ditto North Carolina, barrel crate, $1.50 to 1.75; ditto Norfolk, barrel crate, $1.37½ to 1.50. Lettuce—Norfolk, per basket, 40 to 60c.; ditto bbl, $1.00 to 1.50. Peas, North Carolina, per half barrel basket, 75c. to $1.00; ditto per bushel basket 50c. to 75; ditto Norfolk per half bbl basket 75c, to $1.25; ditto Virginia large box, 75c. to $1.00; ditto, Edenton, per half bbl 75c. to $1.25. Potatoes—Florida, fair to prime, per bbl, $4.00 to 5.00; ditto per bbl crate, $4.00 to 4.50; ditto Savannah, prime, per bbl $4.00 to 5.00; ditto Charleston, ditto, $4.00 to 4.50; ditto Southern seconds per bbl, $3.00 to 3.50, String Beans—Florida wax, per crate, $1.00 to 1.25; ditto per basket, $1.00 to 1.50; ditto green, per crate75c. to $1.25; ditto Charleston, wax ditto $1.25 to 1.75, ditto green ditto, $1.25 to 1.50; ditto Georgia wax, ditto $1.25 to 1.50; ditto green, ditto $1.25 to 1.50. Squash—Florida, white, per crate 10c to 30 ditto; yellow ditto 10 to 40. Tomatoes—Florida, fancy, per large carrier, $5.00 to 5.50; ditto prime ditto $3.00 to 4.00.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—37 casks spirits turpentine, 1 bale cotton, 203 bbls rosin.

Carolina Central R. R.—73 casks spirits turpentine, 175 bbls rosin, 20 bbls tar, 15 bbls crude turpentine.

C. F. & Y. V. R. R.—34 casks spirits turpentine, 3 bbls tar, 89 bbls rosin.

Stmr Frank Sessoms—5 casks spirits turpentine, 48 bbls rosin, 25 bbls tar, 12 bbls crude turpentine.

Steamer Daggett—8 bbls tar, 30 bbls rosin.

Total receipts—Cotton, 1 bales; spirits turpentine, 149 casks; rosin, 545 bbls; tar, 56 bbls; crude turpentine, 27 bbls.

Encyclopedia Britannica.

The STAR Britannica Department is still filling orders for the Encyclopædia Britannica. This is the latest and best edition of this great work. Issued in 25 volumes, bound in cloth or sheep. For full particulars read announcement on third page, or inquire at the STAR office.

THE MERONEY CASE

Already Given in the Star, but Important Enough to Be Repeated in Another Form.

The STAR gave, by telegraph, a complete summary of the decision of the Supreme Court in the Meroney case the day after it was handed down; but the case was so important that the publication will bear repetition in the form of the following digest prepared for the *News and Observer* by Mr. Perrin Busbee, of the Raleigh Bar:

J. S. Meroney, Jr., vs. Atlanta National B. & L. Association (appellant) from Cherokee county. Opinion prepared by Burwell, J., at last term adopted by the Court, Clark, J., delivering the opinion.

1. A loan of money made by a foreign corporation to a citizen of this State and secured by mortgage on land in this State, at the usurious rate of 12 per cent. (6 per cent. interest and 50 cents per month as premium) will not be enforced by the courts of this State by a decree of foreclosure, although it was stipulated in the contract that it is "solvable" in the foreign State and is made with reference to its laws, which allow that rate of interest for the loan.

2. Where such loan was negotiated through a "local branch" and the borrower was expected to make his monthly payments to the treasurer of said "branch," who was under bond to the Association for the prompt remittance of all collections, for which he received two per cent. commission; Held that such local treasurer must be considered as the collecting agent of the Association, and a payment to him is a payment to the parent Association, notwithstanding the asseveration that he is the agent of the local branch, not the parent company, and that he remits said payments, not as the agent of the lender, but of the borrower.

3 Where the Act of the General Assembly of 1895 which restricts the interest on loans by building and loan associations to 6 per cent., but in a subsequent paragraph authorizes such associations to charge cost expenses, interest, premiums and fines; Held, that a penalty or fine for non-payment of money is *interest*, and that such act is repugnant to the principle incorporated in the Constitution of the State that "no man or set of men are entitled to exclusive or separate emoluments or privileges from the community but in consideration of public services."

Avery, J. dissenting.

COTTON ACREAGE.

Percentage of Decrease in the Various States—The Crop Twelve Days Later than Last Year.

Messrs. Latham, Alexander & Co. in their circular letter of May 22nd say:

Desiring to give our customers and the trade generally the most reliable information possible, concerning this year's United States cotton acreage, on May 9th, we addressed 3,100 letters to responsible planters, cotton commission merchants, cotton brokers, banks and bankers making advances to planters, asking for information on the subject.

Corespondents were selected in every cotton growing county in the South, and we have received 2,141 replies of average date—May 16th—containing acreage estimates, and we submit the following result:

Acreage Decrease—Alabama, 11 per cent; Arkansas, 16; Florida, 14; Georgia, 13; Louisiana, 11; Mississippi, 12, North Carolina, 17; South Carolina, 15; Tennessee, 13; Texas, 15; Various, 15.

Total decrease in the United States as compared with last year, 13½ per cent.

The same correspondents make the planting of the crop twelve days later than last year.

In compiling the estimates it was noticeable to us that the reduction in acreage was not confined to any particular section of any State, but was nearly uniform throughout each State.

Accompanying the acreage reports we received a large number of letters, assigning causes that influenced the reduction in acreage, and we briefly summarize them as follows:

The low price of cotton last year rendered cotton planting, generally, unprofitable and greatly discouraged planters; cotton commission merchants have been disposed to curtail advances —many declining any new business; in the interior many small merchants, who usually gave accommodations to planters, have failed in business, and the disposition of Southern planters to increase acreage of corn and other food products has necessarily lessened the quantity of land that would have been planted in cotton, under more favorable conditions.

We also gather from these letters that on account of drought, excessive rains, cold weather and other causes in some cases, the crop is in less favorable condition than at this time last year. These letters also show a large reduction in the use of fertilizers in the Atlantic States.

DIED.

EMERSON—In this city yesterday afternoon, LILLIE DAVIS EMERSON, wife of Mr. T. M. Emerson, aged 36 years.

Funeral will take place this afternoon at 5 o'clock, from St. John's Church.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Base Ball

—AT—

HILTON PARK TO-DAY,

Between the Black Stockings and a picked nine. Game will commence at 3.30 p. m. Admission, 15 cents; ladies admitted free of charge.

my 24 1t

Compound Syrup of Prunes,

—THE—

New Spring Laxative.

25 cents for a large 50 cent bottle. Money refunded if not as represented. JAS. D. NUTT, The Druggist.

At Ocean View.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL BE PREPARED to supply his friends and the public with OYSTER ROASTS AND COOL BEER on and after Saturday, May 18th. Old Stand at Ocean View.

my 18 1w JAS. A. HEWLETT.

House and Shop.

FOR RENT.—Dwelling and Shop on northeast corner of Tenth and Princess streets. Everything in excellent repair. Apply to

ap 22 3t D. O'CONNOR.

S. H. Fishblate,

We bought the balance of Spring and Summer stock of Hays, Goldberg & Co., of New York, at 60 cts. on the dollar. All fine goods, no shoddy, No old styles—but made for this season's stock.

We will give you bargains never known in the

Clothing Trade.

All Wool Suits,

Former price $10, our price $5.98

ALL WOOL PANTS—

Former price $4.50, our price $2.50

ALL WOOL BOYS' SUITS—

Former price $3, our price $1.50

MEN'S WHITE DUCK PANTS—25c, worth $1

CHILDREN'S SAILOR SUITS, $1

ALL WOOL KNEE PANTS—45 cents, former price $1

Straw Hats,

Sold everywhere at $1, our price 50c

A $2 Derby or Alpine Hat for $1

Sweaters.

All wool $1.50, worth $3.00

Cotton Sweaters, 20 cents.

Our 50 cents Neckwear, 25 cents.

Full dress Laundered Shirt 50c, worth $1.

None can be better, none cheaper. Call early and avoid the rush.

Our store will be open until 7.30 p. m. during this sale, and Saturdays until 1130 p. m.

S. H. FISHBLATE,

King Clothier.

may 1 tf WILMINGTON, N. C.

NOW IS THE TIME

To Purchase a Supply of

SUMMER GOODS.

J. H. REHDER & CO.

Are offering inducements in all departments. They can sell you almost anything you want.

CLOTHING.

Large Stock and Lowest Prices.

Children's suits, 4 to 13 years,	75c
All Wool Suits, worth $2.50,	$ 1 75
$4 Grade of Boys' Suits,	2 95
Men's $10 Suits,	6 00
Young Mens' Suits, 16 to 19 years,	2 90
Black Alpacca coats 75c and Upwards	
$15 Black Clay Worsted suits,	11 00
Men's Working Pants,	50c
Men's All Wool $3 pants,	1 98
Nice Line Office Coats,	50c
$5 Pants, Latest Styles,	2 75

The largest stock of Negligee Shirts and Underwear.

Just received a new lot of the celebrated CARHARTT OVERALLS—Pants and Coat. They are unquestionably the best goods made.

Only to be had of

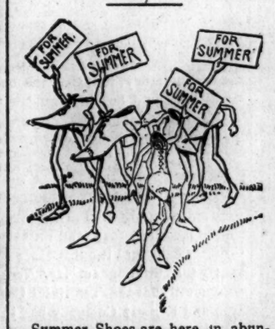
J. H. REHDER & CO.,

617 & 619 N. Fourth St.

Car fare paid on all purchases of $2.00 and over

Phone 118 my 19 tf

THE SUMMER SHOE.



Summer Shoes are here in abundance—such a variety too. Men's, Women's, Children's. Cool, easy and pleasant to wear. The Tan and Russet in profusion. All feet and all pocketbooks alike easily suited. Call and inspect our stock.

Geo. R. French & Sons,

108 North Front St., Opposite Orton House.

my 19 tf

False Economy.

For any woman to buy a heavy Machine.

Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine

Can be run with No. 120 Cotton in place of the regular band.

Does this not show what a light running machine it is?

SPECIAL RATES on the new improved

Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine

This week. 40 per cent. Saved. This offer is limited.

Katz & Polvogt,

Sole agents Wheeler A Wilson Sewing Machine.

may 5 tf

Bargains in Gloves

Are sometimes very expensive.

If a glove don't fit or wear well, it is not cheap at any price. Our cheapest gloves are the

"Kayser Patent Finger-Tipped" Silk Gloves,

because they are the best wearing and we warrant them—a **Guarantee Ticket** in every pair. Blacks and Colors, 50c., 75c., and $1.00.

We are the LEADERS in the sale of GLOVES. We occupy this position because no other house has such a magnificent department. Such SUPERB GOODS, such MODERATE PRICES. We carry them in Silk and Kid, all Shades and Black.

Cotton Novelties

The many rich Novelties are attracting great attention daily, and are subject to many flattering comments as to their beauty and the astonishingly low prices at which they are sold.

10 pieces JACONAT DUCHESSE just received. Colors—Pink, Blue, Green and Buff.

Our new PERCALES are here, twenty-five pieces, the newest styles at 12½c, 36-inch.

40-inch BATISTE (cotton) in Black and the colors at 20c a yard.

100 yards Black MOREEN for Skirts just received.

A new line of JETS in the newest and most durable styles.

10 pieces Shirt Waist SILKS, exquisite colorings. They are going rapidly at 50c.

Don't forget that we have one hundred dozen FANS, from the cheapest to the most exquisite designs in Silk awaiting your inspection.

$1.00 BOTTLES

Woodworth's Violet Toilet Water.

The $1.00 bottles special this week 75 cents.

$1.00 BOTTLES

Strother's Silver Metal Cologne.

A delicate and elegant toilet requisite, 50c bottles special this week 35 cents.

50c BOTTLES

Colgate's True Bay Rum.

Regular pint bottles special this week 75 cents.

Gents' Furnishings.

Fancy Tecks 25 cents.
Fancy Tecks 50 cents.
Fancy Four-in-Hands 25 cents.
Fancy Four-in-Hands 50 cents.
Black Satin and Gros Grain Tecks 25 and 50 cents.
Black Satin and Gros Grain Four-in-Hand 25 and 50 cents.
Gents' Gause Underwear 30c, 50c and 75 cents.
Smith & Angell's Half-Hose in all the qualities and weights.
Hernsdorf's Black Half-Hose 25c and 50 cents.
The Barker & Racket brand of Collars and Cuffs in all the styles.
Don't forget to inspect those Turkish Bath Towels. 500 just received at 12½ to 35c each.
Guranteed as advertised.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK

No. 9 NORTH FRONT ST.

may 19 tf

The Rise Continues

IN HIDES, LEATHER AND

SHOES.

In the North, the South, the East and West, but

MERCER & GAYLORD

continue to hustle, and ARE STILL RUSHING BARGAINS OF REAL VALUE at the generous patronizing public.

Having made arrangements with Manufacturers of certain kinds of Shoes before the great rise began, they are thereby enabled, for some time to come, to

Keep Prices Low Down.

Think of Baby Shoes being 10 cents per pair!
Think of Ladies' Shoes being 50 cents per pair!
Think of Ladies' Slippers being 35 cents per pair!
Think of W. P. Web Slippers being 10 cts per pair!
Think of Men's Calf Boots being $1.50 per pair!
Think of Men's Heavy Boots being $1.25 per pair!
And other goods in like proportion.
We cordially invite you to examine our stock, and respectfully solicit your patronage.

Yours in earnest,

Mercer & Gaylord,

115 Princess Street.

H. C. Evans' Old Stand. ap 26 tf

N. C. Chewing Gum.

100 boxes Sweet Gum and Pepsin.
20 boxes Soda Cakes.
30 boxes Lemon Cakes.
25 boxes Vanilla Crisp.
20 boxes Plantation Cakes.
10 boxes assorted Cakes.
10 boxes Ginger Cakes.

Delivered prices in 5-box lots and above. W. B. COOPER,

Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant, 226 North Water Street, Wilmington, N. C.

my 19 tf DaW

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $5.00 per year, $2.60 for six months, $1.30 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 12 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $60 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make our square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 24, 1895

IT MIGHT HAVE BEEN AVERTED.

The financial issue has been growing for years, and would have been the leading issue ere now if popular attention had not been diverted from it by the tariff question, which had figured as a leading issue for twenty years or more. But in all that time the financial question had attracted more or less attention and had been quieted by legislation from time to time, which in part, at least, met the popular demand, and left attention still resting on the tariff.

The greenbackers who were agitating for the issue of more greenbacks were somewhat placated when after the specie resumption act, Congress prohibited the destruction of the greenbacks redeemed and required the Secretary of the Treasury to pay them out again and thus keep them in circulation. This was to prevent the contraction of the currency which would have resulted from redeeming and destroying the greenbacks as they were redeemed, which had been done up to the time of the passage of the act prohibiting it.

In 1878 the agitators for an expanded currency were placated and quieted by the passage of the Bland bill, which required the coinage of from $2,000,000 to $4,000,000 of silver per month, and hence there was little silver agitation until the effort was made to repeal the Bland act, and then the silver men were again quieted by the passage of the Sherman act which provided for the purchase of silver bullion to the amount of $50,000,000 a year, and the coinage of so much as might be necessary to redeem the notes issued in payment for the bullion purchased. The only difference between that and the Bland act was that in the former the coinage of a certain amount, not less than $2,000,000 a month, was mandatory, while in the latter it was left discretionary with the Treasury which was required to coin only so much as might be necessary to redeem the notes issued in the purchase of the bullion. This was a compromise, intended to placate the silver men of the Republican States of the West, and keep those of them who belonged to the Republican party in it, and it accomplished its purpose.

Matters moved along quietly then until the repeal of the Sherman act and the refusal of Congress to provide for silver in any way, and then and there the ground work was laid for the agitation which is now stirring the country from one end to the other.

That was the only time when the money question came up that Congress didn't do *something* to conciliate the advocates of a larger volume of currency. That was a blunder, it was a blunder by a Democratic Congress, and the majority of the Democrats in the Senate saw it, and hence the stubborn and protracted fight they made against the unconditional repeal of the purchase clause of the Sherman Act. If that question had been managed sagaciously then, and provision had been made for the coinage of a limited amount of silver the coinage would have gone on and there would be little ground for the agitator to stand upon.

The fact that Congress refused to make any provision for the coinage of silver, and the further fact that there were Democrats enough in Congress, when supported by the anti-silver Republicans, to prevent the adoption of a coinage measure, convinced the people who were friendly to silver that the fight was as much against silver coinage as it was against the "cowardly makeshift," and this furnished the silver agitator with some of his best material for appeals to the people. How effectively it has been used the present free silver agitation shows.

The men who were running the Eastern division of the Democratic party didn't fully comprehend, perhaps, the significance of what they were doing in combining with the Republicans to defeat an object for which the people were then speaking pretty plainly, and they do not now realize the breadth and depth of this movement which they are trying to check by the delusive catch phrase of "sound money," which really means only such money as the money lenders prefer and that which they can the most easily control.

Had the last Congress agreed upon some financial measure providing for an expansion of the currency either by the coinage of a limited amount of silver or by the establishment of a better banking system than we now have this agitation which is now upon us with such assertive vigor might have been averted, but with a stupidity that borders on the marvellous it talked and talked and did nothing, and now the Democratic party is paying the penalty of that stupidity.

MINOR MENTION.

Aside from other commendable features of the Confederate reunions, and they are many, they have done one thing that ought to be gratifying to every Southerner, and that is the impetus they have given to getting the history of the part the South took in the war between the States right, and to gathering in available form the material from which the future historian may write a truthful history. Much and most of what has been written and given to the world as a history of that struggle was written by men who were either prejudiced, or did not have both sides of the story, or didn't make the proper effort to get both sides, and consequently their histories are one-sided stories, which seldom do justice to the South, and frequently gross injustice, and all the time this was being done but little effort was made to write a history of the South's part in the conflict by men who took part in it, and knew whereof they wrote. A good deal of material has been gathered within the past few years, but unfortunately many have passed away who could have told much that now will never be told, but there are still living actors enough in those stirring scenes to write the narratives, and complete the rolls of the living and the dead, of the battles lost and won, to make a history that may be given to their children and the world as a vindication of the South and a truthful testament of the valor of her defenders.

***

Ex-President Harrison, who was in New York when the last decision by the Supreme Court on the constitutionality of the income tax law was rendered was asked by a reporter what he thought of the decision. He said he didn't care to express an opinion and then proceeded to express his opinion as follows,

"I do not care to express any opinion upon the present decision. The law as passed and sustained by the former decision of the Court, was simply a sand-bagging measure, by which the poor man was made to bear the burden while the coupon-clipping, stock-holding classes sat around in comfort. I have nothing to say about the decision to day."

In saying this he said all that was necessary to say about it, and he doubtless expressed the sentiment of nine-tenths of the people who took any interest in that subject one way or the other. The first decision created a feeling of disappointment throughout the country among those who favored the income tax as a revenue measure, and when they saw it so whittled down that the wealthiest would escape and the burden be thrown upon those of moderate means, they felt that the best thing that could be done would be to wipe the whole thing out. There are no tears to shed over it now.

***

We mentioned the fact a short while ago that Alabama furnaces were shipping pig iron North and selling it for less than the Pittsburg furnaces can turn it out. More recently the Birmingham *Age-Herald* announced that the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railway Company had just sold 10,000 tons of pig iron in the Youngstown, Ohio, district, which was Birmingham's most formidable competitor for the Western trade. This shows that Alabama pig iron is not only going Northeastward and underselling Pennsylvania pig, but also Northwestward, and underselling Ohio pig, and this, too, after paying freight over the long distances which the Southern pig must be carried. There is not much being said about the iron industry in the South, attention being mainly centered on cotton manufacturing, but it is making decided and gratifying progress.

It is a tale of a cat that interests New York now, a cat named Nicodemus, which was the center of attraction in the cat show and the pride of the expert catologists. It was labled at a valuation of $1,000 and took the prize as the boss cat. A wag bought that cat for two schooners of beer, named him Nicodemus and then spent two or three weeks building a genealogical tree for him, which ran back to the time of Cleopatra, who owned the paternal or maternal progenitor of Nick. That tree settled the experts and established the standing of the two-schooner cat. The wag thought the story too good to keep and let the cat out of the bag. Now New Yorkers want to know what experts know about cats anyhow,

Georgia will ship 6,000 car-loads of watermelons this season. Parecgorically speaking, this is a big thing.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— The North is waking up to the strength of the silver movement in the South and West, and our friends in New England and the Middle States will have to get a move on them to restore prosperity in order to head off the silver sentiments in the great agricultural sections. Messrs. Inman, Claflin and others deceive themselves in comparing the silver movement to the greenback excitement of several years ago.—*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

—— Those European authors who write about the degeneracy of the human race give convincing proof that they are not intimate with the 65,000,000 men and women who constitute the population of the United States. The most vigorous generation of mankind which ever inhabitated this country is the generation which now lives in it; and if we may judge from the looks and the sports of the young folks, the next full-grown generation of Americans will be more vigorous yet.—*New York Sun, Dem.*

—— Under the present gold standard, when gold begins to be exported, the whole country is in alarm, and a contraction, actual and more or less severe sets in instantly. The small supply of primary money is endangered. Give any country full command of both metals as primary money and either metal can go on its travels without exciting attention. It will come back instantly for a cent on the dollar. Gold standard and silver standard men may demolish each other, but they will not affect the bimetallist.—*St. Louis Republic, Dem.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Goldsboro *Argus*: The latest news from John McCullen, who was shot from ambush while at work in the field last week near Mount Olive, is that he is improving and strong hopes are entertained for his recovery.

— Winston *Sentinel*: The young man Eller, who is in jail here on the charge of killing a young man in Ashe county, recently, was will be tried in Ashe county in September. He was brought here to prevent a lynching bee. There is some talk of his being returned to Ashe in a few days.

— Goldsboro *Headlight*: From farmers of every section in the county, the information was gathered last Saturday, that the cold nights and rains of the past week have seriously injured beans, potatoes and cotton, the latter possibly 40 per cent. Since then we learn that the majority of the cotton crop is being replanted.

— Clinton *Democrat*: Mr. Frank Newton was found dead near Kerr's Station last Sunday morning. He is supposed to have died suddenly of apoplexy on his way home Saturday evening. He was about 45 years of age and a brother of Rev. C. C. Newton. —— Upon the recommendation of many persons here, the Governor has pardoned John Lucas who was confined in jail for several months in February court for an offense about which there was some doubt of his being guilty. He is very old and infirm. He was turned out Saturday.

— Greenville *Reflector*. Thursday afternoon a tremendious hailstorm passed over the section of country between Grilton and Kinston. The storm was worse nearer to Kinston and broke the windows out of a number of houses. Crops were badly damaged, in some places almost ruined.—— It is certainly interesting to visit the fish pond of the Riverside Nurseries and see the carp come up to be fed. Mrs Warren has them trained so that they come at the ringing of a bell and when bread is thrown at them they snap at it savagely. There some very large ones in the pond.

— Newbern *Journal*: A Swansboro correspondent writes us as follows of a somewhat unusual life of a gentleman from the North. "Rev. Mr. W. Bavis, late of New Jersey, has moved on, and is living on an island in Bogue sound called Long Island, all by himself. He lives a hermit life, raises chickens, turkeys, ducks, guinea pigs, cattle, etc. He has been living there about two years. He comes to the main land once in a while and preaches, and, by the way, he is a most excellent preacher, but we don't know of what denomination. He is a widower with no family now that he calls his own. His children are all grown and married in the North, so he says. He fishes, clams and hunts, and has money in the bank, so it is said. Long Island is in Bogue sound about half way between Swansboro and Moorehead City. It is about a half mile long and an eighth mile wide."

TWINKLINGS.

— Editor—"Sorry; but I am overstocked with poetry."

Poet—"But this isn't poetry—it's magazine verse!"—*Atlanta Constitution.*

— A girl who has a piano and a pink silk evening dress is equipped for the voyage of life, whether she has a cargo of sense of not.—*New York Recorder.*

— Mr. Coahen—Vat are you saying to Ikey, Rebecca?

Mrs. Coahen—I'm teaching him to count.

Mr. C.—Vell, you'll never get Ikey to learn that way, Rebecca. Geef him some pennies, vhy don't you, and have it over vit?—*Roxbury News.*

TIRED, WEAK, NERVOUS, Could Not Sleep.

Prof. L. D. Edwards, of Preston, Idaho, says: "I was all run down, weak, nervous and irritable through overwork. I suffered from brain fatigue, mental depression, etc. I became so weak and nervous that I could not sleep, I would arise tired, discouraged and blue. I began taking

Dr. Miles' Nervine

and now everything is changed. I sleep soundly, I feel bright, active and ambitious. I can do more in one day now than I used to do in a week. For this great good I give Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine the sole credit.

It Cures."

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Pain has no show with Dr. Miles' Pain Pills Sold by all Druggists.

june 15 1y DaW tri su we change daily

A BORAX DEPOSIT.

How It Was Discovered and the Wealth That It Brought to Winters and His Wife.

Borax was discovered out west by a man with an idea. Dr. John A. Veatch was a good deal of a geologist, and when he went west to look for gold and saw the vast stretches of parched and bitter alkaline plains he concluded from his knowledge of rock formations that borax could be found somewhere in the region. So he began to look for it deliberately, and one day early in 1856 his prospecting spade struck a small deposit in a dried lake bottom. It was not worth much, but it set a great crowd of miners to peering about in the hope of finding better deposits. A few years later some prospectors discovered that the bottoms of several California lakes were full of borax crystals, and from mining in the earth they began pumping water out of huge caissons set in the mud and then digging the earth up inside of them and washing out the crystals. Although the borax thus found was not pure, it could be used for manufacturing fluxes of various sorts, and the substance was greatly cheapened.

But the greatest discovery was made in that rough, hot region, Death valley, in California. It was made in a most romantic way. In 1880 Aaron Winters lived with his wife, Rosie, in a gulch known as Ash Meadows, not far from the deadly mouth of Death valley. He was so fond of his wife that he would not allow her to be long absent from him, although their little hut on the side of the mountain was 100 miles from the nearest neighbor in a wild, rugged, forsaken country. One day a desert tramp came along and stopped overnight at the Winters' home and told the hunter about the borax deposits of Nevada. When he went away, Winters thought that he had seen deposits of the kind described on his explorations into Death valley. Accordingly the strange couple went together to make the search, having previously provided themselves with certain test chemicals, which when combined with borax and ignited would produce a green flame.

Having procured a piece of the substance which he believed to be borax, Winters and his wife waited for nightfall to make the test. How would it burn?

For years they had lived like Piutes on the desert, entirely without luxuries and often wanting for the very necessities of life. Would the match change all that? Winters held the blaze to the substance with a trembling hand, then shouted at the top of his voice: "She burns green, Rosie. We're rich. We're rich!"

They had found borax. The mine was sold for $20,000, and Winters took Rosie to a ranch in Nevada, but she could not stand prosperity, and a few years later she died.—Chicago Record.

A Fortunate Resemblance.

A woman of commanding stature and expression tells this amusing story of an experience that befell her in Washington:

"I was passing the White House on the occasion of a very solemn and impressive event of which I had no knowledge until I was at the doors and saw a great crowd of people trying vainly to get in. I had no wish or intention to enter, but was passing along the side street to avoid the crowd, when a policeman, who was turning people away from a side entrance as fast as they presented themselves, beckoned to me, and before I could explain I was whisked through the entrance into the grounds. There was nothing left but for me to go on, and I was taken into the house and seated in a most favorable place to witness the ceremonies. But I felt all the time that I was masquerading and would surely be discovered and treated as an intruder. That I was not was owing to some inexplicable likeness to somebody else, but whom I have never discovered. I at least tried to maintain my assumed dignity."—Exchange.

Among the Freaks.

The Armless Wonder was resting his head on the cold slab of a marble mantel just before the show opened when the Fat Woman came in and took her place. "Hello, Army," she said in that strangely familiar way these people have, "what's the matter?"

"I was out with the boys last night and, oh, my head!" groaned the Wonder.

"You deserve to suffer," she said harshly, "and I have no sympathy for you."

"That's all right," retorted the Wonder. "I have one thing to be thankful for."

"What's that?"

"That I'm not the two headed freak from Seringapatam," and the Wonder felt so grateful that he actually smiled at the Fat Woman.—Detroit Free Press.

Arrested Gravitation.

"I wonder what keeps her dress from slipping off her shoulders?"

"Er—the attraction, I suppose."—Halifax Herald.

A Smart Dog.

"Speakin of smart dogs," said Mr. Stretchit, "reminds me of a dog I owned t'other year. That 'ere dog knowed when it was Sunday an went to church reg'lar an wouldn't chase a rabbit to save your life on that day if one went skippin right under his nose. He was the best rabbit dog in the country, too, an loved the sport amazin'ly. He knowed 'God Save the Queen' from 'Rule Britannia' an would keep time with his tail on the floor when I was playin of 'em on my fiddle. That pup could just do anything you told him. I never seed his equal. I was in hopes of teachin him to talk when he met his death. He had already learned to howl two or three tunes an knowed his alphabet. But one mornin the poor pup was practicin a new trick he intended to astonish us with an come to his death unexpected. He was behind the barn when it happened. I seed him with my eyes curlin his tail over his back an jumpin through the curl. In one of his leaps he broke his back and died."—London Tit-Bits.

Japanese Liver Pellets are the best family medicine for liver complaint and constipation. Fifty pills in vial 25 cents. J. H. HARDING, J. HICKS BUNTING. †

ANCIENT EGYPTIAN TOMB PAINTINGS.

Wretched Vandals Are Destroying Invaluable Antiques In Art.

The new and valuable finds which are resulting from the increased activity on the part of the Ghizeh museum authorities in its exploration work are assisting in again drawing attention to the deplorable fact that nearly all the wall paintings and basreliefs on the tombs that have been opened to public inspection are rapidly being defaced. When a tomb is first broken into, the sculptures on the walls and the mural paintings are generally as fresh and perfect as the day they were done. In a few years' time, however, the colors disappear, the walls get mutilated and the sculptures stripped.

Some of this destruction is undoubtedly wrought by air being admitted to them, but the carelessness of the gaffirs or fellahin caretakers is responsible for the greater portion of it. These men utterly fail to appreciate the value of the work, or even to understand the reason why it has such attractions for the thousands of tourists who annually inspect it. In order to earn a liberal backsheesh they light some wretched candle ends, which they insert in the cleft points of the sticks they carry, and then proceed to smear these feeble lights along the walls. The consequence of these proceedings is soon evident, for the colors are blackened, the designs are grease covered, and the heat cracks the plaster which has been used for the reception of the pigments.

These men are so much occupied with this work that they are useless for the purpose of preventing those wretched vandals who are to be found among a certain section of globe trotters from scribbling their names over the place or chipping the walls to obtain pieces as mementos of their devastating pilgrimage. When it is remembered that these illustrations portray scenes in the history of a race of highly civilized people who lived thousands of years before the Christian era, who, besides being adepts in many of the arts and crafts practiced at the present day, were skilled in others which are lost to us, it can easily be understood that these records of their history and domestic life are priceless.

No amount of written history could so accurately tell their tale or awaken so much interest in these bygone ages. Their preservation is an imperative duty.

Only a short time ago these scenes were perfectly clear, the colors bright and the outline distinct. Now all this is changed. It is a disgrace to the age we live in. These records have descended to us, and we have apparently not sufficient energy or skill to rescue them from destruction or to transmit them to our successors. A few steps, however, in this direction can easily be made by appointing better caretakers, prohibiting candles being used, bullseye lanterns or magnesium wire lamps being substituted, and by limiting the number of people admitted at one time into the tombs and temples.—London Graphic.

She Got a Seat.

A pretty young girl stepped jauntily aboard a crowded car, and looking along the rows of seated passengers fastened her gaze on a man who had his coat collar pulled up to his ears, and a vacant, unconcerned and married expression on his countenance. "Won't you let me have that seat?" said the girl in a clear voice. Everybody pricked up his or her ears.

"Ask a man for his seat! Well, I never!" exclaimed a woman in a golf cape.

"What will women do next?" muttered a passenger holding a lawyer's bag that was redolent of freshly ground coffee.

And then they all had the satisfaction of seeing the man with the turned up collar rise, and the girl plump into the vacated seat, saying as she did so, "I thought I'd find you in a Reservoir car, and we should get home for dinner before the crush."

"Her husband," said the woman in the golf cape. "Mean thing, to make her ask him to give her a seat!"—Boston Herald.

An Oddity In Name Combinations.

A family of the name of Carter living at Charlestown, Mass., has four sons whose first and middle names exhibit a remarkable combination of letters. The first name of each contains exactly the same number of letters as are found in each of the first names of the other three, and, what is most peculiar, the letters in each instance are the same—viz, "o," "l," "e" and "n." Besides the odd combination here shown, and which will be more fully exhibited below, the middle name of each ends with "ton." Here are the full names of the four:

Leon Carleton Carter.
Elno Carrington Carter.
Enol Washington Carter.
Noel Clinton Carter.

The family declare that this wonder of nomenclature was not discovered until after the youngest of the quartet was over a year old.—St. Louis Republic.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

It May Do as Much for You.

Mr. Fred, Miller, of Irving, Ill., writes that he had a Severe Kidney trouble for many years, with severe pains in his back and also that his bladder was affected. He tried many so-called Kidney cures but without any good result. About a year ago he began use of Electric Bitters and found relief at once. Electric Bitters is especially adapted to cure of all Kidney and Liver troubles and often gives almost instant relief. One trial will prove our statement. Price only 50c. for large bottle. At R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

DUKE CIGARETTES

MADE FROM
High Grade Tobacco
AND
ABSOLUTELY PURE

dec 14 tf fr su we W 2p

He Broke the Spell.

A grand appearance or a commanding air does not always imply the possession of grand qualities, but either is an excellent passport to the confidence of the world, giving its possessor a standing with those who never penetrate exteriors. Very foolish people often look very wise, and it is not until their acts discredit their looks that they are found out. A man who was dining at a dinner party where Sidney Smith was a guest kept such a profound silence that the great wit and orator looked upon him with admiration as a person distinguished by scholarly attainment far above the ordinary. When the meats were removed, apple dumpling was served, and then the wise looking guest broke the silence by remarking in an audible voice, "Them's the jockeys for me." Had he not broken the spell of his majestic appearance by speech he might have passed as a savant.—Exchange.

"Home, Sweet Home."

"Home, Sweet Home," Payne's song, was originally a number in the opera "Clari, the Maid of Milan," a production brought out in 1823. The opera was a failure, and nothing is now known of it save the one song, which became instantly popular. Over 100,000 copies were sold in the first year of its publication, and the sale in one form or another has been constant ever since the first appearance of this beautiful theme. The melody is a Sicilian folksong and was adapted to the words by Payne himself.

Willing to Compromise.

A colored preacher of Marietta married a couple a few weeks ago. He told the groom the fee was $5. He pleaded inability to pay just then. A week or so thereafter the preacher dunned him again and told him that if he didn't pay the $5 he would take his bride away from him. The negro groom replied:

"All right, if that will settle the debt, take her."

He was in earnest about it. The sweets of married life had palled upon his taste.—Atlanta Constitution.

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2-lb Jute			6
Standard	7¾	@	7¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ₩ lb	13½	@	14
Sides ₩ lb	8½	@	10
Shoulders ₩ lb	8	@	8½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ₩ lb	7	@	7¼
Shoulders ₩ lb	6½	@	
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 15
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ₩ lb		@	30
BRICKS—			
Wilmington, ₩ M	6 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina, ₩ lb	15		
Northern	23	@	
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks		@	0
Virginia Meal	55	@	60
COTTON TIES—₩ bundle		@	70
CANDLES—₩ lb—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	9	@	10
CHEESE—₩ lb			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream	11	@	12
State		@	10
COFFEE—₩ lb—			
Laguyra	27	@	28
Rio	20	@	22
	15	@	19
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard	6	@	6¼
Yarns, ₩ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—₩ dozen		@	10
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ₩ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ₩ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ₩ barrel	13,00	@	14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	3 25	@	3 50
Mullets, ₩ pork barrel		@	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring ₩ keg	3 50	@	4 00
Dry Cod, ₩ lb	5	@	10
FLOUR—₩ barrel—			
Western, low grade	3 90	@	3 50
" Extra	3 25	@	3 50
" Straight	3 50	@	3 75
Second Patent	3 50	@	4 00
First Patent	4 25	@	4 50
City Mills—Super		@	3 90
" Family	3 25	@	3 75
GLUE—₩ lb	7½	@	10
GRAIN—₩ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White	87½	@	
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White		@	69½
Corn, cargo, in bags—White		@	69½
Oats, from store		@	44
Oats, Rust Proof		@	50
Cow Peas	85	@	1 00
HIDES, ₩ lb—			
Green		@	4
Dry		@	8½
HAY, ₩ 100 lbs—			
Eastern		@	1 00
Western		@	90
North River		@	90
HOOP IRON, ₩ lb	2	@	3½
LARD, ₩ lb—			
Northern	6½	@	9
North Carolina	6½	@	9
LIME, ₩ barrel		@	1 25
LUMBER(city sawed) ₩ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West Indis cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ₩ gallon—			
New Crop Cuba, in hhds		@	26
" " in bbls		@	26
Porto Rico, in hhds	35	@	37½
" " in bbls		@	37
Sugar-House, in hhds		@	14
" " in bbls		@	18
Syrup, in bbls	35	@	45
NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 00	@	1 10
PORK, ₩ bbl—			
City Mess		@	15 50
Rump		@	13 00
Prime		@	15 00
ROPE, ₩ lb	10	@	22
SALT, ₩ sack—		@	75
Liverpool		@	65
Lisbon		@	65
American		@	55
6 lbs ₩ Sack	45	@	50
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ₩ M	5 00	@	7 00
Cornson	2 00	@	2 50
Cypress Saps	4 50	@	5 00
Cypress Hearts		@	7 50
SUGAR, ₩ lb—Standard Gran'd		@	4½
Standard A		@	4½
White Ex. C		@	4½
Extra C, Golden		@	4¼
C, Yellow		@	3¾
SOAP, ₩ lb—Northern	3½	@	*
TAVES, ₩ M—W. O. Barrel	8 00	@	14
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ₩ M feet—Shipping	70	@	9 00
Mill, Prime	00	@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	4 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary	3 00	@	3 00
TALLOW, ₩ lb	5	@	
WHISKEY, ₩ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	2
North Carolina	1 00	@	2
WOOL, ₩ lb—Washed	14	@	
Clear of burs	10	@	
"		@	7
"		@	
" Carolina, Unwashed	60	@	70
" Upland	1 00	@	1 15
RAGS, ₩ lb—		@	1½
Bags		@	1
POTATOES, ₩ bushel—			
Sweet	30	@	50
Irish, ₩ bushel	2 75	@	3 00

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, May 23.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Firm at 26 cents per gallon bid. Sales later at 26¼ cents.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1 15 per bbl. for Strained and $1.20 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1 25 per bbl. of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady at $1 20 for Hard, $1 80 for Yellow Dip and $2 25 for Virgin.

COTTON—Steady.

Ordinary	4½	cts ₩ lb
Good Ordinary	5⅝	" "
Low Middling	6 1-16	" "
Middling	6½	" "
Good Middling	6 13-16	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	1 bale
Spirits Turpentine	149 casks
Rosin	545 bbls
Tar	56 bbls
Crude Turpentine	27 bbls

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, May 23—Evening—Money on call was easy at 1@1½ per cent., last loan at 1 per cent., and closing offered at 1 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4 per cent. Sterling exchange was easier; actual business in bankers' bills at 486¾@487 for sixty days and 487¾@488 for demand. Commercial bills 485¾@488¼. Government bonds firm; United States coupon fours 113; United States twos 97.* State bonds strong; North Carolina fours 102, North Carolina sixes 124. Railroad bonds strong.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was dull.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, May 23—Evening. Cotton dull; middling gulf 7 9-16c. middling uplands 7 5-16c.

Futures closed barely steady; sales of 332,900 bales as follows: May 7.07c; June 7.05c; July 7.10c; August 7.16c; September 7.20c; October 7.24c; November 7.26c; December 7.30c; January 7.36c; February 7.40c; March 7.46c.

Net receipts 100 bales; gross receipts 238 bales; exports to Great Britain — bales; exports to France — bales; exports to the Continent 284 bales; forwarded — bales; sales — bales, sales to spinners — bales, stock (actual) 219,093 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 3,784 bales; xports to Great Britain 7,370 bales; exports to France — bales; exports to the Continent 284 bales; stock 548,746 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 26,158 bales; exports to Great Britain 32,730 bales; to France 6,877 bales; to the Continent 9,486 bales; to the Channel — bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 7,791,577 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,250,088 bales; exports to France 764,733 bales; exports to the Continent 3,303,013 bales.

Flour held was higher to-day, checking business; winter wheat, low grades $2 70@$3 45; fair to fancy grades $3 75@4 15; patents $4 15@4 50; Minnesota clear $3 20@3 40; do. patents $3 90@5 10; low extras $2 70@3 city; mills $4 40 Southern flour was quiet and firmer; common to fair extra $2 65@3 40; good to choice do. $3 50@4 25. Wheat dull and stronger, with options; No. 3 red in store and at elevator 80¾c; afloat 81¼@81¾c; f. o. b. 81¾@81¾c; ungraded red 70@88c; No. 1 Northern 85@85¼c; options were active, excited and irregular, advanced 3¾@4¾c, declining 2¼@2¾, closing unsettled at 1¾@1¾ over yesterday; No. 2 red May 80¾c; June 81c; July 81¾c; August 81¾c; September 82¼c; October 82¾c; December 84c; May, 1896, 86c. Corn fairly active and and firmer; No. 2 at elevator 59¾c; afloat 60¾c; ungraded mixed 58¼@59¾c; steamer mixed 58¾@59¾c; options advanced 1@1½, fell ⅞c, and closed weak at 1¼@1½c over yesterday, with trading moderate; May 59¼c; July 59¾c; September 60¾c. Oats fairly active and stronger; options more active and firmer, May 33¾c; June 33¾c; July 34¾c; spot —No. 2, 33¾@34c; No. 2 white 38@38¼. mixed Western 34@35c Hay firm; shipping 55@60; good to choice 75@80c. Wool quiet and firm; domestic fleece 15@19c; pulled 12@33c. Beef quiet and easy; family $11 00@13 00; extra mess $8 50@9 00; beef hams dull at $19 00; tierced beef quiet and wea; city extra India mess $17 00@19 00. Cut meats dull and unchanged. Lard quiet and easier; Western steam $6 90 asked; city $6 25; May $6 90, nominal; July $7 00, nominal; refined quiet; Continent $7 20; South America $7 55; compound $5 00@5 25. Pork quiet, steady; mess $18 75@14 25. Butter—in light receipts firmer; State dairy 10@17c; do. creamery 18c; Western dairy 7¾@12c; Elgins —c. Cotton seed oil firm, with a fair demand; crude 24c; yellow prime 27@27¾c. Petroleum nominal; refined New York $8 50; Philadelphia $8 45; do. in bulk $5 95@6 00. Rice firm and in fair demand; domestic fair to extra 4¼@6c; Japan 4@4¼c. Molasses—foreign nominal; New Orleans, open kettle, good to choice 28@33c, in fair demand and steady. Peanuts firm. Coffee steady and 5@15 points up; May $14 45; June $14 40@14 50; July and September $14 90@15 00; October $14 95@15 05, December $14 90@14 95; March $14 80; spot Rio quiet steady; No. 7, $16 00. Sugar—raw more active and firm; fair refining 5c; refined quiet and steady; off A 4¼@4¾c; standard A 4 7-16@4¾; cut-loaf and cr

Children Cry

FOR PITCHER'S

Castoria

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep **natural. Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 82 Portland Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children." ALEX. ROBERTSON, M. D., 1057 1st Ave., New York.

THE CENTAUR CO., 77 Murray St., N. Y.

What is Castoria

Castoria is **Dr. Samuel Pitcher's** prescription for **Infants and Children.** It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other **Narcotic** substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, **Drops, Soothing Syrups,** and Castor Oil. It is pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by millions of **Mothers. Castoria** is the Children's Panacea—the **Mother's** Friend.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Do not be imposed upon, but insist upon having Castoria, and see that the fac-simile signature of is on the wrapper. We shall protect ourselves and the public at all hazards.

Chas. H. Fletcher.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray St., N. Y.

A LADY'S TOILET

Is not complete without an ideal

COMPLEXION POWDER.

POZZONI'S

Combines every element of beauty and purity. It is beautifying, soothing, healing, healthful, and harmless, and when rightly used is invisible. A most delicate and desirable protection to the face in this climate.

Insist upon having the genuine.

IT IS FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

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ATKINSON & SON,

AGENTS

North Carolina Home Ins. Co.

WE OFFER TO THOSE WANTING

INSURANCE AGAINST FIRE

Policies in this Old and Reliable Home Institution. All losses promptly paid.

W. S. PRIMROSE, President.
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FOR **MAN** AND **BEAST!**

Mexican Mustang Liniment

CURES

Sciatica, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Burns, Scalds, Stings, Bites, Bruises, Bunions, Corns,	Scratches, Sprains, Strains, Stitches, Stiff Joints, Backache, Galls, Sores, Spavin Cracks,	Contracted Muscles, Eruptions, Hoof Ail, Screw Worms, Swinney, Saddle Galls, Piles.

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY

accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its **universal applicability.** Everybody needs such a medicine.

The Lumberman needs it in case of accident.
The Housewife needs it for general family use.
The Canaller needs it for his teams and his men.
The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench.
The Miner needs it in case of emergency.
The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it.
The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.
The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.
The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.
The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.
The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.
The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.
The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.
Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.
Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.
Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

...bales; Baltimore, ...ipts 835 bales; Bos... receipts 533 bales; ...6¾c—net receipts ...firm at 7¾c—net ...nah, firm at 6¾c ...es; New Orleans, ...ceipts 1,673 bales; ...—net receipts 63 ...y at 6¾c—net re... ...ts, firm at 7c— Charleston, strong ...48 bales.

...ARKETS.

...ng Star.
...8.—12.30—Cotton, ... and prices full, ...3 18-16d. Sales ... 11,500 bales were ...and exports 1,000 ...bales, of which 8... Futures opened ...er; American mid... ...d July 3 53-64d; ...64, 3 53-64@3 54... ...ptember 3 55-64, ...eptember and Oc... ...3 56-64d; Octo... ...56-64d; November ...d; December and ...uary and Febru... ...e steady at the ...

...uiet but steady, ...ir, 4 15-32d; good ... middling 5¾d; ...ordinary 3 7-16d; ...d buyer, May and ...d; June and July ...nd August 3 54... ...d September 3 55... ...r and October 3 ... November 3 57... ...r and December ...er; December and ...-64d buyer; Janu... ...59-64@3 60-64d ... March 3 61-64d ...barely steady.

...Maccabees.

...der writes us from ...ws: "After trying ...hat seemed to be ...in our two chil... ...'s New Discovery ... days the cough ...e will not be with... ...experience proves ...l other remedies ...evens, State Com. ...t medicine a trial, ... trial bottles are ...ny's drug store. ...l.

...NE.

...e—May 24. ... 4.48 A M ... 7.05 P M ... 14 h 17 m ...port... 7.56 P M ...ington 9.43 P M

...ED. ... Robinson, Fav... ... Hansen, George... ...es. ...ED. ... Robinson, Fay...

...RECTORY. ...the Port of W... ...May 24, 1895. ...ES. ...tons, Publow E ...Arndt, E Peschau ...ERS. ...Chase, Geo Har... ...obinson, Geo Har... ...Roford, Geo Har... ...ons, Brown, Geo ...ons, Achorn, Geo ...ons, Grover, Geo

...GER & CO.,

...mington, N. C ...a few additional

...EZERS, ...OOLERS, ...TOVES, ...ES, ...den Hose ...Lawn Mowers.

... have the finest ... the lowest price ... brought to this ... and SQUARE ...motto with those ...ll as those from

...ont Street, ...mington, N. C.

... Lime ...HE ... Market. ...ron Rivets, ...SES, ...r, Coffee, ...RD, &c. ...ROCERIES. ... WORTH.

...ICYCLES. ...All High Grades. ...or to any Ma... ...world, regardless ... a Million Dollar ...ny ...old. Do not be induced ...averley has no superior. ...CO, Indianapolis, Ind ... Exclusive Agent

...ed. ... private family at Ocean ...rnished house in town ... October 1st. Apply 129 my 8 tf

The Morning Star.

LADY'S TRESSES.

When summer flowers have shut their sunny eyes
And summer birds to southern lands have flown;
When crickets chant their drowsy monotone,
And sadly through the pines the south wind sighs;
When over hill and plain in lavish tides
The goldenrod its garnered sunshine sheds,
And asters, white and purple, nod their heads,
And seem to say, "Naught that is fair abides!"
Ah, then, in shady lane and grassy field,
What new delight thy slender spires to find,
With tress of hyacinthine bells entwined!
Fragrance like thine no rose of June can yield,
No lily can eclipse thy snow, dear prize,
Flung backward from sweet summer as she flies.

—Emily Shaw Forman in Woman's Journal.

THE STAGE DRIVER.

We had ridden three hours with a stupid stage driver, and I was chagrined and disappointed. I had engaged the front seat two weeks in advance and had expected to have a chance to study one of the old time stage drivers on his native heath; but, though it was said he had been on the route 20 years, he chewed a quid of tobacco and could not be induced to talk. An occasional grunt of assent or dissent was the most he vouchsafed us, and it was with a feeling of relief we changed stages at Murphy's and had another driver.

The drive from Murphy's to Angel's is over 15 miles of dusty, uninteresting road, and we had not looked forward to the prospect with pleasure, but our new driver had an air of business and a looseness of tongue that were very refreshing after the mummified silence of the other man and promised well for our entertainment.

Then, too, we saw we had made a mistake about our first driver. The second man was of course the old stager, with his many thrilling adventures and hairbreadth escapes, while the first man was evidently a novice in the business. We took our seats and prepared ourselves for a most interesting time.

"Hope you're all comfortable, ladies," began our second man in a manner very different from the other gruff bore. "I do like mighty well to have ladies in the front seat with me, but I'm quite a fav'rite with the ladies, it seems—they always want the front seat."

"Oh, I see you are the old stage driver," I exclaimed, "and you will tell us some of your interesting stories. How lovely! What is your name?"

"My real name's—no matter. But they call me Tennessee up here. You see, I come from Tennessee, an I've got the southern twang, an when I first come I talked a heap 'bout my native state, an I bragged some, too, I guess, coming from the south, you know, an the boys like to josh a fellow. But I've traveled round so much that I've lost most of my twang—knocked 'bout considerable in my day. Fellow can't help rubbing on some polish, you know—I expect that's why I'm such a fav'rite with the ladies. It's real funny how all the old maids get stuck on me an the widders, too," Tennessee chuckled. "By jimminy crickets! Excuse me if I get off a swear word now an then—I don't know which is the worst, old maids or widders." I took a sly glance at my companion, who was a young and pretty widow who lived in San Francisco. "I'm writing a book on my experience with the women."

"Why," said the widow, "I should think you would get married with so many to choose from."

"Well, it does seem that way. You see, I did try it onct. I'm a widderer—got sons over 20 years old. Wouldn't believe it now, would you? Most people take me to be 'bout 30. I'm by rights over 40; but, great Jupiter whipstitch!—excuse me, we old stagers can't help a little profanity—I wouldn't have any trouble marrying. I most always propose to the women before I get them through." My pretty companion looked alarmed. "The women like it, particular the widders. Now we're coming to a little down grade. Got on a pretty heavy load, so guess we'll take it easy. Go 'long there, Suse—Nick, you old rack o' bones."

We rounded the brow of the hill, and the horses began the steep descent with a gentle trot, but within a few seconds their speed had accelerated to a hard gallop. The old Concord coach rolled from side to side, and we seemed in danger of upsetting, but our time had not yet come, and we reached the level road in safety. The widow and I were gazing at Tennessee with admiration. How fearless he was! What splendid driving! But a timid man on the back seat was first to recover his speech.

"I think you had better use your brake, driver," he said in a querulous voice. "That driving was altogether too fast for a heavy coach."

"Listen to that old duffer," said Tennessee, sotto voce. "Guess he never seen a hill before." Then he raised his voice. "Well, I did try," he said, calmly glancing back. "Why, Lord, the brake's gone!" he exclaimed.

We all looked at the rear wheels in dismay. The brake was gone in truth.

"Well, we'll have to go back; that's plain," said the timid man.

"What! Pull up that hill?" said Tennessee, with disgust. "Not if I know myself. We'll be all right." I never had an accident in my life. Why, last week I had 12 people on board—two women an a kid here in front—an one of the front wheels rolled off right on this down grade an rolled 100 yards down the road, an we just settled down kind of comfortable like an I never spilled a person or broke a screw. Oh, I'll get you through safe, you can rest easy on that."

We were trotting along at a lively rate, and I glanced nervously at the heavy axles. I hoped devoutly that the wheels were secure.

Tennessee continued his talk with the most nonchalant air, as if brakes and wheels and things of that kind were of minor consideration. "This house we are coming to is the only postoffice between Murphy's an Angel's," he said. "Nice little woman keeps it—mighty sweet on me—plucky, too, I can tell you."

We drew up at the door, and a kindly faced woman came out with the mailbag. She gave us a little nod of greeting and retreated modestly into the doorway. Two or three towheaded children peered out from behind her skirts at the stage people.

"The schoolma'am's going down this morning," said the postmistress.

"We're pretty well loaded," said Tennessee. I thought so, too, and wondered where we would put the schoolmistress, but Tennessee seemed equal to any emergency. He started the horses.

"Good morning to you, ma'am," he called to the woman and wafted a kiss from the tips of his fingers, presumably to the children, but I thought with intention to show us how he managed those things with the ladies. A few rods beyond we stopped, and a sunburned girl came out.

"Good morning," she called in a fresh, clear voice. "Have you room for me?"

"Oh, yes," answered the obliging Tennessee. "Always room for one more. Got any trunks?"

"Yes, two," and she glanced apologetically at two enormous saratogas which stood just by the door. We wondered where they would be put, but Tennessee never hesitated. The trunks were placed somewhere on the back, and our driver sprang nimbly into his seat again. We started off on a brisk trot, and Tennessee launched forth in a string of thrilling narrative.

"See that hole over there?" he said. "A friend of mine dug out $3,000 in one day there. He wants to sell the mine now. I'm the agent. I tell you that I get more of that sort of thing than I can attend to. Why, I make more than four times my wages just selling out claims. Don't want to buy a claim now, do you? No? Well, here's something more interesting than claims—for a paying business beats claims all hollow—that's stage robbing. See that tree over yonder? That's where I was held up last time. Robber didn't get anything, though. That's once when he miscalculated."

I looked about quickly. We were now in a dusty wilderness of pine and chaparral. Not a sign of human habitation near. Tennessee saw my nervous glance.

"Mighty lonesome looking now, ain't it? See them bullet holes in my stage cover? Them was put in when we were attacked by six robbers over here by Joaquin Murietta's old home."

I felt my blood run cold. I had not seen the bullet holes before. The timid man gave vent to an audible "Ah!" and the others preserved an awe struck silence.

"Why," continued Tennessee, "I guess every stone an tree has hid its robber some time or other 'long here. I've had 15 or 20 holdups, an that's nothing compared to some of the old timers."

"Do you think there is any danger at this particular time?" inquired the timid man.

"Why, that's hard to tell," said Tennessee dubiously. "It was just here where we had that last holdup two months ago, an one of the passengers an two of the robbers was killed. The papers never got the straight of that. You see, it was that holdup which showed me that the little widder postmistress was stuck on me. I was coming along here that day—had on a Wells-Fargo shotgun messenger an a lot of passengers. There was about $100,000 in bullion under the seat, an the messenger held a loaded gun in his hand all the time. When we got just 'bout here, coming up the hill, I saw the bushes move right there, an I said, kinder under my breath, 'Robbers!' I whipped out my pistol; an the messenger aimed his gun; but, Lordy, who do you think it was? Why, the little postmistress back there. We came nigh shooting her. She looked frightened nigh to death an was white as a ghost.

"'Don't shoot,' she said, kinder soft like. 'Four men are going to rob the stage. I heard them planning it. They want to stop you before you git to the top of the grade, but if you hurry you'll git there first an maybe can git away on the down grade. Goodby, an be quick,' an she got out of sight in a twinkling. Done that for me, you see. We never waited to thank her. That's one thing I object to in these here mountains—you've got to sacrifice politeness sometimes.

"Well, I just gave my horses a cut, an they jumped forward. That plucky little woman got out of sight pretty durned quick—had a horse, I guess. Well, we got to the top of the hill first, an, by Jupiter snupgrass—excuse me, always use strong language when I git excited—right on the other side was four masked men a-coming it up the hill as hard as they could tear."

There was a breathless silence on the stagecoach. The horses were pulling up that very hill, and there was a possibility that we would be held up too. Tennessee was getting a quid of tobacco. He kept us hanging breathless on his words until he had the morsel well rolled into his cheek.

"The first glimpse they caught of us they jumped behind trees an called, 'Halt!' but we were on the brow of the hill, an I was prepared. I'd fastened the reins round my waist an guided with one hand, while I used the other for my six shooter. The messenger shouted, 'Let her go!' It was just here, ladies. We left two men stretched out. I killed two robbers an wounded another. The shooting scared the horses, or I think I'd have finished all four. That durned messenger—excuse me—was so scared that he shot one of my horses. Not used to the biz, you see. Of course the horses stampeded—it's bad enough to hear the firing without being peppered by an unresponsible man who is frightened into next week.

"Well, they started on the dead run down the grade, an I had to drop my pistol an hang on to the lines. I tell you we buzzed round them turns—sometimes two wheels standing off the g.ade to onct. When we reached the bottom of the hill down at the station, the old hoss dropped dead, an the people on the stage just come up to me a-crying an a-thanking me for saving their lives an took on turruble. Look—at that rock!" he ejaculated. We gazed with startled eyes in the direction he had indicated. "Oh, I guess it's all right this time, but I always expect to have a man step out from behind that rock—finest place to rob a stage in the country. Two men held me up there about 15 years ago, when I first began to drive here. Didn't get anything, though. Now we're past. Guess that's a sigh of relief, ain't it? This is a mighty dangerous country 'bout here, but I guess I'll git you through, ladies. Don't you fear. If we git attackted, just sit still—keep perfectly cool an calm, an you probably won't git more than two or three scattering shots."

We were all well frightened by this time. The little schoolmistress on the back seat held her peace, but the rest of us were looking about nervously and trusting our lives to this wonderful Tennessee. The pretty widow was no longer haughty and distant, but at every noise in the brush grasped the arm of the brawny driver and looked appealingly into his face.

"Now, ladies, when we start down this mountain, we are on the home stretch to Angel's. Just one mile more. I always feel glad when we pass this knoll. Joaquin Murietta held me up right here the first month I was on the road. I had five miners on board, an they showed fight, an they got the worst of it too. I just held my horses an kept cool. Indiscretion is no kind of valor, you know. Well, Murietta strung up every one of them five miners to a tree an told me to go into Angel's an say that Tennessee was the only man about with any sense, an for other people to take warning. That's the old tree over there, an there's the ropes yet. See them right there."

"Oh, do drive on fast, do drive on!" we all exclaimed shudderingly.

"Well, I guess we'll have to go on, an pretty fast too. The horses can't hold back much on this down grade. If we turn over, ladies, I guess it will be on my side, so just be prepared to swing yourselves out."

Down we started. In a few seconds the horses were galloping, and in a few seconds more they were running. Five badly frightened people hung on in desperation to the seats, and the pretty widow hung to the arm of Tennessee. His feet were braced against the dashboard, and his body was stiffened out as he hung on to the taut lines. Swinging, bumping, pitching, we careened down the long hill and went tearing into the little mining camp of Angel's.

We drew up with a flourish at the door of the primitive hotel and fairly fell into the arms of Tennessee, who had sprung to the ground to receive us.

Six thankful, admiring people stood in the tiny hotel parlor awaiting the next stage and driver. The little brown schoolmistress was there too.

"Why," said the little widow, "I think I should have died of fright on that dreadful road if it hadn't been for Tennessee."

"Yes, indeed," cried No. 2. "The very thought of that brave man kept me calm, and I know if any one else had been driving we would have been killed surely. What a splendid fellow he is!"

"Just the kind of a driver I have always heard about," cried No. 3.

"You could pick him out from a thousand as a regular old stager," said No. 4.

"He's the bravest man I've ever seen," said No. 5.

"He's a great, big hearted, fine fellow," said the timid man, "and a genuine hero too. I'm thankful we had such a competent man over that fearful road."

"Pardon me," said the little brown schoolmistress, who had been a silent listener, "but I think you are all mistaken. Tennessee isn't much of a hero. He's only been in the state two weeks, and to judge by his driving he never saw a stage before, and—well, the postmistress is engaged to the shotgun messenger, and all those robbery stories he told you happened to Fred Green, who drove you down to Murphy's this morning. Evidently Tennessee thought something was expected of him and proved himself equal to the occasion."—Stella Walthall Belcher in Argonaut.

Almost Too Sharp.

Alphonso Karr, the French novelist, had a great liking for sailors, with many of whom he was on terms of intimate friendship. Probably he had also a feeling of something like contempt for comfortable, worldly people of the "middle class," the French bourgeois. One day at a friend's house he dined unexpectedly with seven or eight strangers.

Next to him sat a "rather pretty woman," who at first seemed a little timid. Then as children do with dogs, M. Karr says, finding he did not bite, she grew more talkative, and ended by saying:

"They say a good many things about you."

"Indeed. Tell me what they are, and I will tell you whether they are true."

"Well," said the woman, "my husband said to me the other day: 'It is astonishing and provoking to see M. Karr going with all sorts of people. I met him the other day at Honfleur dining with some pilots.'"

"Which is your husband?" asked the novelist.

The man at the end of the table, next the lady with the green hat."

"Ah, well, tell your husband that I dined at Honfleur with some pilots because those pilots were friends of mine, and, more than that, men very skillful and brave. But tell him he is deceived when he says that I am seen with 'all sorts of people.' For example, no one ever saw me with him."—Yorkth's Companion.

Queer Things In Surnames.

A young soldier in the French army, who lately volunteered in the service, rejoices in the distinction of having what would appear to be one of the oddest names on record. The unlucky lad is named Adolph Maximilian E. F. G., these three letters of the alphabet being all he can boast of as a surname. The recruiting sergeant severely reprimanded the young volunteer for disrespectful joking when he spelled out his abbreviated patronymic, and was only convinced that the appellation was bona fide when the lad showed him his papers. It seems, however, that there are queerer names than E. F. G. For instance, a wine merchant living in the suburbs of Paris is called Monsieur O. The name, by the way, is met with in Normandy, where a family was once known who bore the name of D'O, with the title of marquis. A member of the family, Francis d'O, was superintendent of finance under Henry III of France. One letter patronymics, however, are not so uncommon as might be supposed. There are said to be five persons in Paris whose names are of this abbreviated type.—San Francisco Chronicle.

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A CURE FOR HOUSE NERVES.

An Ailment That Is Superinduced by Too Much Seclusion.

Energetic, care free individuals laugh at the suggestion of such an ailment as house nerves and say it is only imaginary. But thousands of women will testify otherwise.

People of sedentary habits who spend all their time indoors frequently become morbid, brooding and irritable. The failure of any member of the family to reach home at the usual time brings forth gloomy forebodings of disaster. The absence of any one at night causes floor walking and tears, even though such person be of mature years, sound health and abundant ability to care for himself. A projected journey is overcast by recitals of horrible accidents. Meals are unsatisfactory, clothes never fit, no one sympathizes or condoles with the sufferer.

The reasons of house nerves are legion. Introspection is one. Let a woman sit at home day after day, week in and week out, and analysis of everything and person within her ken naturally follows, herself included. A woman who studies herself, her wants and desires, her ailments and lonelinness, is on a fair road to an asylum, did she but know it.

Some women, it is true, are tied down by children and household cares to a ceaseless indoor life, but they are not generally the ones who succumb to house nerves, one reason being that, forced out of contact with others, they yearn always for the privilege of mingling in some sort of society, embracing every chance thrown in their way toward that end. But the woman who stays at home because she might get sick by venturing out in the cold or because her neighbor can entertain better than she can or dress better, or perhaps the habit has become fixed by degrees to that extent that it is like parting with a tooth to get out of the routine—this is the woman who broods and fancies and cries over mental pictures of catastrophes that never happen and meets troubles which never come.

Any parent who owns a highly imaginative child owes it to society at large to throw it in with healthy, merry companions, who always effect a complete cure, for mirth is infectious. But if the unhappy owner is repressed and kept indoors, some family in the future will feel the effects.

The cure is simple, but few follow it. Throw away your medicine and go visiting. Patronize all the gayeties that your pocketbook affords. Take long walks in the sunshine, and whenever a morbid thought comes think up a necessary errand, and it will dissolve like mist before the sun. House nerves can be cured, but only by natural laws. Medicines dull, but do not cure.—New York Press.

The Turkey Stopped the Train.

Swarms of locusts are well known to have stopped railway trains, but up to this time it was probably never heard that a single turkey had power to accomplish that feat. How it was done, in Oxford, Pa., is described in the Philadelphia Ledger.

The engine was puffing hard on an up grade and passed under an overhanging limb of a large tree in front of a farmhouse. On the limb were several turkeys at roost. The exhaust steam was so strong that it knocked a hen turkey from her perch, and she came down upon the bellrope.

The bell rang, and the engineer brought the train to a halt. Then of course the conductor hastened forward to know what was the matter, and one of the trainhands discovered the bird still tilting upon the rope and giving utterance to notes which, it is fair to presume, were expressive of surprise.

The men set up a roar, the bird took wing, and the engine again began to puff.

His Story Outdoes Munchausen.

While storming the first line of forts at Port Arthur a soldier belonging to the Twenty-fourth regiment raised his rifle to fire at an unusually conspicuous Chinaman. Just as he was about to fire a bullet from the enemy's side came whizzing on, and, marvelous to relate, entered the barrel of his own gun as smoothly and neatly as if the muzzles had been placed mouth to mouth. Of course there was an explosion, and the soldier's piece was shattered to the stock, but without his receiving any injuries whatever. A fractional variation to the right or left would have caused the hostile bullet to enter his head or face, so that his escape was nothing short of miraculous. He preserved the stock of the now useless weapon and afterward exhibited it to his colonel, who permitted him to keep it as a memento of his narrow escape. It is probably the first instance of the kind on record since Baron Mundhausen's day.—Japan Mail.

Ireland's Loss by Emigration.

Since 1864, through Ireland generally, and especially in the west, very early marriages have become less frequent. This decrease of early marriages, especially among women, accounts, says the registrar general, to a great extent for the diminution in the average size of families in Ireland, and also explains in part the diminished birth rate, which in the ten years from 1881 to 1890 had fallen from 24.5 to 22.3 per 1,000 of the population. There ought to have been an increase in the Irish population in the ten years of over 250,000, that being the increase of births over deaths, but this natural increase has been more than counterbalanced by emigration, so that in the same period the population sunk by nearly 500,000.—London News.

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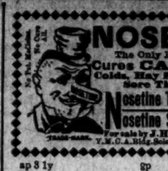

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ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT MAY 12, 1895.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND

DAILY 9.20 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.58 a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 12.05 a m, Wilson 1.00 p m, Rocky Mount 2.33 p m, Tarboro 3.48 p m, Weldon 5.30 p m, Petersburg 5.43 p m, Richmond 6.45 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m. Baltimore 12.48 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 8.53 a m, Boston 8.00 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.31 p m, Warsaw 8.45 p m, Goldsboro 9.40 p m, Wilson 10.27 p m, †Tarboro 6.58 a m, Rocky Mount 12.07 p m, Weldon 12.55 a m, †Norfolk 10.35 a m, Petersburg 2.37 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.30 a m, Philadelphia 10.45 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.30 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.17 p m, Marion 6.34 p m, Florence 7.05 p m, Atkinson 8.11 p m, Sumter 8.38 p m, Columbia 10.00 p m, Denmark 6.11 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 19.15 p m, Charleston 10.35 p m, Savannah 1.19 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, St. Augustine 10.00 noon, Tampa 5.30 p m.,

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 47—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.08 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.53 a m, Tarboro 12.20 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.13 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 a m.

DAILY 10.00 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.00 p m, New York 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 11.38 a m, Baltimore 2.18 p m, Washington 3.30 p m, Richmond 7.13 p m, Petersburg 7.54 p m, †Norfolk 8.10 p m, Weldon 9.37 p m, †Tarboro 5.50 p m, Rocky Mount 10.20 p m, arrive Wilson 11.03 p m, leave Wilson 6.35 a m, Goldsboro 7.30 a m, Warsaw 8.16 a m, Magnolia 8.29 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 11.50 a m — No. 56—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.30 a m, Sanford 1.50 p m, Jacksonville 6.20 p m Savannah 12.00 night, Charleston 4.12 a m, Columbia 5.30 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 6.43 a m, Atkins 7.14 a m, Florence 8.25 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.45 p m, Halifax 4.05 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 4.35 p m, Greenville 6.37 p m, Kinston 7.35 p m. Returning, leave Kinston 7.00 a m, Greenville 8.32 a m. Arriving Halifax at 11.00 a m, Weldon 11.30 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 9.50; am returning leaves Tarboro 4.40 p m; Parmele 6.10 p. m. arrives Washington 7.35 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 4.50 p m; Sunday 3.00 p m; arrive Plymouth 9.00 p m, 5.25 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9.30 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10.25 a m and 11.45 p m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6.05 a m; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C., 8.00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9.30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8.35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9.05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 6.00 a m and 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.20 a m and 10.50 a m.

Trains on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Elliott 7.02 p m, arrive Bishopville 7.39 p m. Lucknow 8.10 p m, returning leave Lucknow 6.30 a m, Bishopville 7.00 a m; arrive Elliott 7.38 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 8.40 a m, arrive Latta 9.01 a m, Dillon 9.13 a m, Rowland 9.31 a m, returning leaves Rowland 6.05 p m, arrives Dillon 6.18 p m, Latta 6.31 p m, Pee Dee 6.53 p m, daily. Datta Branch trains leave Latta 6.40 p m, arrive Dunbar 7.50 p m, returning leave Dunbar 6.30 a m, arrive Latta 7.50 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Conway Railroad, leave Hub at 8.15 a m, Chadbourn 9.00 a m, arrive Conway at 1.45 p m, leave Conway 2.30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 8.15 a m, 9.00 a m, 9.00 p m, arrive Darlington 8.55 a m, 9.35 a m, 9.25 p m, Hartsville 10.15 p m, Cheraw, S. C., 11.15 a m, Wadesboro 1.10 p m, leave Wadesboro 8.10 p m, Cheraw 8.45 p m, Hartsville 4.30 a m, Darlington 5.05 p m, 4.30 p m, 5.35 a m, arrive Florence 6.45 p m, 5 p m, 6 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.50 p m, Manning 6.21 p m, arrive Lane's 7 p m, leave Lanes 8.38 a m, Manning 9.15 a m. arrive Sumter 9.44 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.35 a m, 5.35 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.08 p m, 11.08 p m, arrive Selma 2.53 p m, Smithfield 3.03 p m, Dunn 3.44 p m, Fayetteville 4.30 p m. 12.53 a m, Rowland 6.00 p m, returning leave Rowland 9.31 a m, Fayetteville 10.55 a m, 9.35 p m, Dunn 11.44 a m, Smithfield 12.25 p m, Selma 12.32 p m, arrive Wilson 1.30 p m, 11.38 p m.

Trains Ive Pregnall's 8.30 a m, Summerton 9.43 a m, Sumter 10.35 a m, Darlington 11.55 a m, Bennettsville 12.48 p m, arrive Hamlet 1.40 p m Returning leave Hamlet 2.10 p m, Bennettsville 3.00 p m

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 24, 1895

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE SOUTHERN GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Rev. P. H. Hoge Speaks on a Question of Personal Privilege.—Reports of Committees.—Delegates Appointed to the Pan-Presbyterian Council in Glasgow.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

DALLAS, Tex., May 23.—When the Southern Presbyterian General Assembly met this morning, Rev. P. H. Hoge rose to a question of personal privilege. He complained that he had been misquoted in the morning papers in the account given of the debate yesterday on the election of a secretary for Home Missions. Rev. Mr. Pogue, of Atlanta, also denied having used the expression attributed to him.

A communication was received from the ministers of Dallas stating that a delegation had been appointed to express their fraternal greeting to the Assembly. They will be heard at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

Several important committees reported this morning, but all the reports were docketed for future consideration.

The Committee on Education nominated Rev. W. E. McIlwaine, D. D., as secretary of the committee. The election will be held to-morrow morning.

The commission of the Greer heresy case has not yet reported its findings.

The Committee on Foreign Correspondence reported the following nominations of delegates to the Pan-Presbyterian council at Glasgow, Scotland, in June, 1896, and the nominations were accepted by the Assembly: Chairman Hemphill, Rev J W Potts, D D, Rev J W Roeboro, D D, James P Caffin, W W Dodge, D D, Eugene Daniels, D D, C B Strickler, D D, LLD, James McNeill, M D J T Plunkett, D D, J H Thornwell, D D, Rev Sam Young, John S Watkins, D D, J S McElroy, D D, J E Boggs, Hon Malcolm Yeaman, S A King, D D, J P Hobson, Capt J C McCoy, J W Bachman, D D, Rev Thorn R Rice, Jr, J B Stratton, D D, James R Graham, D D, Robert Sweed, D P Fleming, D D, A S Moffett, Prof W W Moore, D D, Walter Williams, Gov J Hoge Tyler, Jos R Wilson, D D, LLD, Moses D Hoge, D D, J B O'Bryan. These delegates will go at their own expense.

The report of the Committee on Young People's Societies was received and docketed. It proposes the name of Westminster League and insists on the control of pastor and session. A constitution is also submitted.

The publication house will remain at Richmond in spite of the effort to move it to Nashville.

SPOTS AND FUTURES.

New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 23.—The *Sun* says: Cotton declined six to seven points, recovered this, and advanced six to seven points, and then lost this and fell five to six points, closing barely steady with sales of 332,900 bales, making 662,200 bales in two days. Liverpool advanced 1-16d on the spot, with sales of 12,000 bales. Futures advanced three to four points and then reacted and closed barely steady at a net advance of two to two and a half points. New Orleans advanced seven to eight points, then lost this and declined two points. New Orleans receipts to-morrow are estimated at 1,000 bales, against 1,051 last Friday and 1,240 last year. Spot cotton here was unchanged; no sales. Port receipts 3,784 bales, against 3,641 this day last week, and 5,693 last year, and thus far this week 26,158, against 23,977 thus far last week. The Southern spot markets were quiet. Mobile and Baltimore advanced ½c, and Savannah and St. Louis 1-16c. In Manchester yarns were firm and tending upward, and cloths firm, but business small. Bombay weekly shipments to Great Britain 2,000 bales; total since January 1, 16,000, against 38,000 last year; shipments to the Continent 13,000; total since January 1, 300,000, against 592,000 last year; receipts 82,000; total since January 1, 1,078,000, against 1,237,000 last year; afloat 26,000, against 30,000 last year.

To-day's features: Heavy liquidation of profits here and in Liverpool caused a reaction, though the decline to-day was partly due to some disappointment at the failure of Liverpool to show a greater advance. Still on the decline there was very heavy buying, partly for outside account. The crop advices as a rule are bullish and the belief is general that the next crop will be much smaller than the present one. The Southern spot markets were generally firm, the arrivals at the ports and the interior towns were light, and the exports were comparatively large. The dry goods situation was encouraging, wheat was again very active at advancing prices, the tone at the Stock Exchange was stronger and general business in this country continues to improve, an indication of this improvement being the almost daily announcement of the advance in wages by great manufacturing companies in different parts of the country. An advance in pig iron of 50c per ton was reported to-day and the iron trade is universally regarded as the barometer of business. Cotton has more friends than ever before. Notices of delivery on June contracts, it is stated, cannot be issued until June 20th.

VIRGINIA ELECTIONS.

Indications That They Were Favorable to the Democrats.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RICHMOND, May 23.—Elections for town and county officers were held throughout the State to-day. Returns are coming in very slowly. There was a light vote as a rule and in many instances party lines were not sharply drawn. The indications at midnight are that the Democrats have about held their own.

Senator Blackburn has announced that he would answer Mr. Carlisle's Covington speech at Lawrenceburg, Ky., next Saturday.

The Modern Way

Commends itself to the well-informed, to do pleasantly and effectually what was formerly done in the crudest manner and disagreeably as well. To cleanse the system and break up colds, headaches and fevers without unpleasant after effects, use the delightful liquid laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 23.—Spirits turpentine quiet and steady at 29½@30c. Rosin steady and quiet; strained common to good $1 65@1 67½.

CHARLESTON, May 23—Spirits turpentine firm at 26½c; receipts 68 casks. Rosin firm; good strained $1 05@1 15; receipts 190 barrels.

SAVANNAH, May 23.—Spirits turpentine firm at 27c; sales of 500 casks; receipts 1,257 casks. Rosin firm, with sales of 2,500 barrels; latest quotations: A, B, C $1 05, D $1 15, E $1 20, F $1 40 G $1 55, H $1 70@1 75, I $1 90, K $2 10, M $2 35, N $2 50, window glass $2 60, water white $2 80.

FOR SOUND MONEY.

Opening of the Convention at Memphis—A Large Number of Delegates in Attendance.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MEMPHIS, May 23.—Under a banner with the inscription "Sound Currency and Better Banking Facilities" between seven and eight hundred representative men of the Southern States assembled at the auditorium this afternoon to express their opposition to the doctrine of the free and unlimited coinage of silver, and to declare in favor of the continuance of the present monetary conditions.

It was essentially a gathering of "solid men," bankers and merchants, farmers and manufacturers, store-keepers and members of professional, allied with industrial interests. It was especially commented upon that the politicians were conspicuous by their absence.

The delegates began to assemble at the auditorium shortly after 1 o'clock. There were few men of national reputation in the columns that marched up the aisles with military tread, but those that were recognized came in for a hearty greeting. General Thomas C. Catchings, of Mississippi, who has parted with his flowing beard since the adjournment of Congress, was unrecognized at first, but when the assemblage knew him it made the rafters ring. Others who came in for a true Southern greetiug as they appeared at the head of their State delegation were Congressmen Kyle, of Mississippi, Clarke, of Alabama, Patterson, of Tennessee, Lieutenant-Governor Alvord, of Kentucky, and Lieutenant-Governor Stannard, of Missouri.

When Chairman Crawford, of the local committee of fifteen, assumed the gavel at 3 o'clock, there were six hundred and twenty delegates on the floor, and fifteen hundred spectators of both sexes in the galleries. The few words of welcome in behalf of the city were prettily and quickly spoken, and permanent organization was then in order.

The Alabama Congressman, Mr. Clarke, was recognized for the purpose of presenting the name of the little giant from Mississippi as permanent chairman, but he availed himself of a call to the platform to lead off the oratorical fireworks with a speech that aroused all the energetic enthusiasm of his audience.

"We are not a forlorn band, making a desperate and hopeless fight," said Mr. Clarke, "but we are here to give form and organization and voice to a deep-rooted and widlely spread public opinion that is growing in volume and which is destined to mould the financial policy of this country. We have nothing to fear in the fight that has been forced upon us. The conservatism of the American people will not allow its monetary system to be dragged down to the debased level of Mexico and China. The roar of the silverites is as the roar of a fire fed upon chaff that soon burns itself out and leaves but ashes and smoke. It is but the echo of the fiat moneyites. Standing here as a Southern man, I say that I have firm confidence in the sound sense and integrity of that section of the country, in the cotton men and the industry that has made Memphis one of the most important cotton markets in the world. We are not the blind followers or tools of any man or set of men, but we are led by a man who has, like no other man since Jackson, the confidence of the American people. [Prolonged applause.] Why? Because the American people know that their President is honest [cheers]; that he possesses mental and moral courage [more cheering]; that he is not only a man, but a whole man; that he has a wisdom that no obloquy can darken."

Shouts and stamping followed the speaker's retirement from the platform. There was more of the same kind when the motion was put, and Gen. Catchings declared selected as permanent chairman. On being escorted to the chair he gracefully acknowledged the honor.

The selection of a Committee on Resolutions was next in order, as follows: John M Atherton, Kentucky; F H Richardson, Georgia; S C Cox, Florida; Geo M Trenholm, South Carolina; Geo E Leighton, Missouri; Josiah Patterson, Tennessee; Richard H Clarke, Alabama; U M Rose, Arkansas; Leroy Percy, Mississippi; J C Morris, Louisiana; Rufus Hardy, Texas; Daniel Miller, Maryland; W R Mayo, Virginia. There was no response when the States of West Virginia and North Carolina were called.

Just as the committee had been completed, the tall form of Secretary Carlisle emerged from the stage. In an instant delegates and spectators, women and men, were on their feet, and a mighty shout went up. It was succeeded by a yell yet dear to Southern hearts, and then again with a volley of cheers, with waving of hats and canes and other accompaniments. The ovation continued for several moments and was renewed when the Secretary of the Treasury was formally presented. Silence having been with difficulty restored, Mr. Carlisle began his speech, the delivery of which occupied precisely one hour and a half. He spoke with unwonted energy and made few references to his notes. He was listened to with profound attention, the audience being apparently anxious to grasp and follow the trend of his argument and the mass of figures with which it was supported, and there were few interruptions of approval until near the close. Then when, with quivering forefinger, he declared the hard earned savings of the poor ought not to be sacrificed to the avarice of the wealthy mine-owners or the aspiring politicians, his hearers fairly went wild, and when, in his peroration he urged that there could be no prosperity for one section at the expense of the other, but that all must stand or fall together, it looked for a moment as though the enthusiastic audience would storm the platform.

When the speaker concluded he was given a final ovation and a recess until 8 o'clock was at once taken.

The Committee on Resolutions went into session at the Gayoso Hotel, with Judge Rose, of Little Rock, as chairman, and when the Convention re-assembled at 8.30 it was presented with the platform and resolutions:

1. Believing a uniform and standard of value necessary to the agricultural, commercial and industrial development and prosperity of our common country, we favor the maintenance of all our money, whether gold or paper, on a parity, to the end that each dollar, whatever may be its composition, shall have equal purchasing and debt-paying power with every other dollar.

* * * * *

3. At this time there is no country in the world which maintains the bimetallic standard, and neither is there any country where the free coinage of silver obtains which is not on a siver basis. Each country, on account of its inability to independently adopt any bimetallic standard, must elect for itself which it prefers—the gold or the silver standard. We therefore favor, in the absence of international co-operation, the retention and maintenance of the existing gold standard.

* * * * *

5. We favor the retention as part of our money the silver now coined, and in order to give a wider field for the use of silver we favor the funding of all money other than gold and silver certificates below the denomination of ten dollars into higher denominations, so as to make our entire circulation below the denomination of ten dollars, either silver or silver certificates, and to this end the Secretary of the Treasury should be authorized by law to coin from time to time, as the people may require them, silver dollars, until the demand of commerce for money below the denomination of ten dollars is at all times satisfied.

6. We realize that our national banking system was adopted during a time of war, and that it is not adapted to existing conditions. We therefore favor such legislation as will secure to the people a system of banking surrounded by such safeguard as will at all times furnish them a safe, elastic, sufficient currency for the transaction of their business.

When the vote was taken the resolutions were adopted without discussion and with a shout. Not a voice was heard in the negative.

Then resolutions were passed giving hearty endorsement to the work of the reform committee on sound money of New York, and also urging the formation of sound money leagues and clubs throughout the South, and after a farewell address from Congressman Patterson, the Convention, at 9.45, adjourned *sine die*.

CONFEDERATE VETERANS.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CONVENTION AT HOUSTON, TEXAS.

Constitution Adopted.—Three Departments Created—Report of Committee on Credentials—The Jefferson Davis Monument Committee Report—Reception to Miss Winnie Davis.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

HOUSTON, Texas, May 23.—The weather continues inclement, dark grey clouds lowering over the city and a chilly rawness pervading the atmosphere, but the joy and enthusiasm of the Veterans continues unabated and when Gen. Gordon called the Convention to order at 10 o'clock this morning the Auditorium was again full to overflowing. The meeting was much more orderly today than yesterday, however, and the business of the meeting was conducted more satisfactorily. Chaplain General J. William Jones invoked divine blessings on the deliberations of the meeting.

It was understood that Mrs. Chapman, the daughter of General Leonidas Polk, was in the audience, and the chairman asked that she come to the stage if she were present. She did not respond, however, and it was announced that she would be expected on the stage whenever she reached the hall. A similar invitation was extended the daughter of General D. H. Hill and Mrs. J. D. Peahill.

General S. D. Lee, of the Committee on Constitution, reported that they had unanimously agreed on a Constitution. They have fully accepted the old Constitution formulated at Jackson. This Constitution continues in force the Committee on History, which the Birmingham Constitution dissolved. The principal amendment is to define the duties of officers, and instead of only two departments, east of the Mississippi and trans-Mississippi, there shall be three departments, as follows: The Department of the Army of Virginia, composed of the States of Virginia, Maryland, North and South Carolina and Kentucky; the Department of the Army of Tennessee, composed of the States of Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee, Mississippi, Louisiana and Florida; the trans-Mississippi Department, composed of all of the States and Territories west of the Mississippi, except Louisiana.

There was a movement on foot to fix the same memorial day for all States, but the new Constitution provides that each camp may fix its own.

Gen. M. J. Claiborne objected to the part of the Constitution separating Texas into five divisions, saying it was done for political purposes. Gen. Lee explained that the State practically was not arranged differently from other States. These sub-divisions were merely for the sake of convenience in a State as large as Texas. There was but one Major-General (Gen. Ross) for the State, the other Generals being merely brevets.

Gen. Claiborne renewed his objection, which was followed by a motion to table. A vote was taken and the motion was tabled, defeating the attempt to make but one division of Texas. The Constitution was then adopted amid loud applause.

The report of the Committee on Credentials was then read in full. The number of delegates was shown to be as follows: Louisiana, 176; Tennessee, 89; Florida, 36; Alabama, 191; Mississippi, 122; Texas, 654; South Carolina, 86; Indian Territory, 16; Missouri, 67; Kentucky, 67; Arkansas, 57; Washington, D. C., 11; Evansville, Ind., 2; Virginia, 64; North Carolina, 21; Georgia, 76; Maryland, 2; Oklahoma, 2; West Virginia, 3; New York, 1. With some subsequent names the number of voting delegates was 1,602. The report was adopted.

The special order of the morning was the report of the Jefferson Davis Monument Commitee. Chairman Cabell introduced Chairman Taylor Ellyson, of the Richmond committee, whose report was made a part of that of the committee from the United Confederate Veterans. Mr. Ellyson stated that on June 3d next, Mr. Davis' birthday, a collection for the monument would be taken up all over the South, and the present prospects were that at that time there would be a generous response from all the Southern States. When sufficient funds were raised the cornerstone of the monument would be laid at Richmond. It was thought that this could be done next Spring and it was hoped to make it a great occasion. General Cabell then followed in an earnest appeal to the Veterans to respond on the appointed day to the call for a collection. In seconding the motion to adopt the report, Chaplain J. William Jones delivered a brief but eloquent address on the subject, which was greeted with loud applause.

Mr. Jones proposed that the roll be called by camps, and that each camp would say how much it would raise for the monument. Before the call could begin there were several spontaneous offers. R. E. Lee camp of Richmond, pledged $500; and J. R. Hubbard camp of Baltimore, only one month old, came to the front with $100. General Gordon gave $100 and Generals Lee and Stewart put down $50 each. The Charleston camp stated that a movement was now on foot in that city by which $1,000 would be raised.

The call of the roll was begun, but was found to be too long, so the camps were required to send up the amount they would obligate themselves to give. The whole amount, when subsequently footed up, was found to be $9,647.

The selection of the place of the next reunion was the next and final business in order. When the vote was taken the result was as follows: Richmond, 780; Charleston, 444; Atlanta, 208; Kansas City, 40. Major Barker moved that the vote for Richmond be made unanimous. It was seconded by Gen. Evans, and carried amid applause.

An elaborate reception was tendered Miss Winnie Davis at the Capital Hotel by Mrs. Wm. Rice, between the hours of 11 and 12.

* * * * *

At Rock Port, Texas, a wind and rain storm yesterday morning blew down the St. Mary Hotel and the Catholic church, and unroofed and partially damaged forty other houses. Rev. Mr. Scarborough, of the Methodist church was seriously injured. The loss is $100,000.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Wheat Market Excited—July Closed at a Further Advance—Corn and Oats Higher—Pork Produces Lower.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, May 23.—July wheat, which sold on the curb at 80c this morning, advanced later to 82. The fluctuations were quick and wide and a nervous activity was noted during the last ten minutes and the market became weak and panicky. Offerings met with no response from buyers and July wheat, which had been moving around 81⅛c, broke to 78¼c within five minutes. There was very little wheat sold on the break, the demand being so light that sales could not be effected. July wheat opened from 80c to 81c, ranged between 78¼c and 82c, closing at 78¾c—1¼c higher than yesterday. Sample wheat was 4c a bushel higher.

Corn advanced moderately but no effort was made to keep pace with wheat. Much of the interest that is usually found in corn had drifted over to wheat, but even with these desertions there was a fair day's business. Corn opened from 55½ to 55¾c, sold between 55 and 56c, closing at the inside; ½c higher than yesterday. Cash corn was ½c per bushel higher.

Oats were quite strong. The strength in other grains was still prominent and the shorts began to display some nervousness, so prices in this usually undemonstrative market were moving up with some celerity. July oats closed at 81⅜c—1⅜@1½c higher than yesterday. The September option was very strong. Cash oats were 1c higher than yesterday.

Provisions—The packers were sellers of the product to-day and the buying orders generally were from the country. The strong wheat market tended to help prices at the start, but the hog receipts were large and prices at the yards were lower, which offset the sympathetic strength. The close on July pork and lard was 10c. lower and on July ribs 7½c. lower.

BASE BALL.

The Record of Games Played Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Louisville—Louisville 0; Brooklyn 12. (Game given to Brooklyn at the end of second inning by a score of 9 to 0, on account of Louisville not having a supply of new balls.)

Pittsburg—Pittsburg 5; Boston 4.

Cincinnati—Cincinnati 8; Philadelphia 18.

Cleveland—Cleveland 10; New York 5.

Chicago—Chicago 8; Baltimore 6.

No game scheduled to-day between St. Louis and Washington.

Portsmouth—Portsmouth 7; Petersburg 4.

Roanoke—Roanoke 7; Lynchburg 17.

Chattanooga—Chattanooga 5; New Orleans 2.

Atlanta—Atlanta 8; Memphis 0.

Richmond—Richmond 14; Norfolk 7.

Evansville—Evansville 15; Montgomery 11.

WARM WIRELETS.

At Portsmouth, Va., Mr Bebbell Hamilton, celebrated his 85th birthday yesterday and after receiving many congratulations, died suddenly of apoplexy.

It is believed that Russia will not consent to Japan's military occupation of Corea, and that she will soon request Japan to recall her garrisons in that country.

A dispatch from Shanghai says it is rumored that China will repudiate her obligation to pay additional indemnity to Japan in consideration of the latter's abandonment of the Liao Tung Peninsula.

The trial of Oscar Wilde was resumed in the Old Bailey Court yesterday. Parker's servants and several servants of the Savoy Hotel were called to the stand and repeated their former testimony. Nothing new was elicited.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Wanted—A first class salesman to represent a specialty line and canvass city or country trade in this section. A party with previous experience preferred. Reference required. Address W., care STAR office. my 24 2t

$75.00 a week paid to ladies and gents to sell the Rapid Dish Washer. Washes and dries them in two minutes without wetting the hands. No experience necessary; sells at sight; permanent position. Address W. P. Harrison & Co., Clerk No. 14, Columbus, Ohio. may 21 6t

The Wilmington Intelligence Bureau and Advertising Agency employment department. We are prepared to furnish all kinds of help wanted free of charge at once, city or country, No. 8 North Second street. R. B. Reardon, Prop. J. P. Sampson, Agt. my 17 tf

Pepper and Spice—I am selling at prices that it will pay those who need anything of the kind to give me a call. In Flour, Sugar, Coffee and Groceries of all kinds I can offer best quality and lowest prices. I am Agent for Cutler Tobacco which is still the best and cheapest on the market. Neill McKinnon, No. 3 South Water street. c21

For Sale—Three fine Milch Cows with calves, one week old. Apply at Wilmington Oil Mills. my 9 tf

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store, 211 Market street. c21

New Photographs—Your special attention is called to my new display of Photographs. Look at them. It will do you good. Have some made like them; they will be a source of joy to you forevermore. Fine photographs at $1 per dozen. U. C. ELLIS, 114 Market street. c21

Palmetto Brewing Co., of Charleston, S. C. Export, Rice and Lager Beer. Branch office No. 402 Nutt street; deliveries promptly made anywhere in city. F. Richter, Manager. c21

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. c21

Wrapping Paper. If you wish to buy old news papers, suitable for wrapping paper, or placing under carpets, almost at your own price, call at the STAR Office. Sept 23 tf

EVERYTHING REQUIRED

To supply a first class table is always found in our stock of staple and fancy groceries. Housekeepers in Wilmington fancy our goods, and we may add that they also fancy our prices. We don't wonder at that because it's exceedingly pleasant to find high quality and low prices brought together. We keep 'em together and that keeps our trade brisk. Come to the dollar saver's Mecca for your groceries. You'll fare best if you make your bill of fare more than fair by purchasing your groceries from our aggregation of everything in the line of Choice Table Supplies.

my 23 tf **DOZIER & LEE.**

Wilmington's

Big Racket Store

Is crowded to the door with the stock of E. S. Jaffary's auction goods. We claim to have more stock than any retail store in the city, and we will prove we have more bargains than all the rest put together. Just a look in our store when passing by and you will be convinced that we are busy; often times one clerk waiting on three or four customers at the same time. We will tell of a few bargains, but will say this: Our stock has reached $35,000 now, and you must remember it would take a whole paper to describe one-half the goods we carry.

Young Ladies and old Ladies capes. A nice, pretty cape, all wool, at 50c, regular price $3 50. We have all styles in these capes, and old ladies' all silk capes, regular price, $5, our price, $3 50. A nice job lot of Ladies Light-weight fine Lamb's Wool Shawls for 50c, regular price $1 50.

Fifty styles of linen chenille and silk table covers 6-4, 75c, 8-4, $1 75; Silk 6-4 $1 00.

100 rolls of fine Japanese Mattings, nice plain seamless goods at 10c per yd; better goods at 12½ to 25c. We will save you at least ¼ of the purchase price. 140 rolls of table oil cloth 10c per yard.

A job lot of laundered Percale Shirts at 25c.

We propose to save you 40 per cent. on the old-time prices.

We are on Front street opposite the Market House.

BRADDY & GAYLORD, Prop.

of Wilmington's big Racket Store. may 19 tf

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CATAWBA SPRINGS.

For Thirty Years the Favorite Resort of the People of the Cape Fear Section.

WILL OPEN JUNE 1st.

These justly celebrated Springs of North Carolina are beautifully located in the shade of the Blue Ridge—climate delightful, waters eminently curative for

Dyspepsia, Liver Disease, Vertigo, Spinal Affections, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Gravel, Diabetes, Kidney Affections, Chronic Cough, Asthma, Insomnia, Debility and Skin Diseases.

Hotel refitted and in good order. Write for terms.

Dr. E. O. Elliott & Son,

Sparkling Catawba Springs, N. C. my 23 tf

THE CELEBRATED.

ROCKBRIDGE ALUM SPRINGS, Virginia.

THE GAYEST RESORT IN THE MOUNTAINS. Capacity 1,000. Opens June 1st. Rates reduced one-half. Considering quality of its Patrons Character of accommodation and

Cheapest Resort in America.

Waters recommended by the leading physicians. If a sufferer from Consumption, Indigestion, Scrofula, Catarrh, Diarrhœa, Female Troubles, &c, or need gayety, surrounded with a superb class of people, write for pamphlet and be convinced. This is a panacea for your troubles. Dr. Isaiah White, of Richmond, Medical Director. JAMES A. FRAZIER, may 11 2m Managing Receiver.

TREASURY Department, Office Supervising Architect, Washington, D. C., May 9th, 1895. Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 2 o'clock p. m. on the 29th day of May, 1895, and opened immediately thereafter, for all the material, labor and appliances required for piling the foundation for the U. S. Post Office, Court House and Custom House at Newbern, North Carolina, in accordance with the drawing and specification, copies of which may be had at this office or at the office of the superintendent at Newbern, N. C. Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check for a sum not less than 2 per cent of the amount of the proposal. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids and to waive any defect or informality in any bid, should it be deemed in the interest of the Government to do so. All proposals received after the time stated will be returned to the bidders. Proposals must be enclosed in envelopes, sealed and marked, "Proposals for Piling the Foundation for U. S. Postoffice, Court House and Custom House at Newbern, N. C." and addressed to Wm. Martin Aiken, Supervising Architect. may 12 6t su we fri

Corn and Flour.

500 Bags CORN.

1,500 Barrels FLOUR, both in barrels and sacks.

Also Meal, Meat and many other goods.

D. L. GORE,

120, 122 & 124 Water street, Wilmington, N. C.

my 23 tf

North Carolina Hams.

We have some fine ones which we ffer low in lots to suit.

VISITING MERCHANTS should see our goods and prices before buying GROCERIES.

HALL & PEARSALL, Nutt and Mulberry streets. ap 11 D&W tf

You Can Bet

WHENEVER YOU SEE A MAN WITH A nicely groomed moustache, a clean smooth shaven face without pimples and his hair always neat that he is a customer of Prempert's. We have but one price. Whatever you may be, tradesman or millionaire, when we shake those nickles up on Saturday night we do not know who they came from.

H. C. PREMPERT'S SONS, Experts in Barbering, my 5 tf 11 South Front St.

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KATZ & POLVOGT,

116 Market Street.

R. & G. 75 Cents.

Vigilant Corset 50c.

Summer

Corsets 50 Cents.

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GLOVE FITTING $1.00.

W. B. Corset 75c

Out of Town Orders

Filled Promptly.

KATZ & POLVOGT,

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Frank H Stedman, Jas. S. Worth.

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At Your Own Price,

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Economy

The order of the Day.

Trimmed Hats.

Just opened, a new lot of Pattern Hats. Styles that cannot fail to please the most fastidious tastes, and at prices lower than charged elsewhere for like qualities.

We have opened a new lot latest styles trimmed Sailors, in all colors.

Untrimmed Hats.

A fine line of fancy Chip, two toned Annon brade, Neapolitan and Fancy Lace straw, Milan, Leghorn and Canton Hats for ladies, Misses and children, and a new line of untrimmed Sailors from 9c up.

RIBBONS.

Dresden, Taffetas, Saten, Moire and Gross Grain Ribbons, all widths

Silks.

Another new lot of Summer Silks, for shirt waists, in new designs, for 20c a yard.

Flowers and Feathers.

Ladies' Underwear.

Shirt Waists, Corsets, Hosiery, Laces, Gloves, Dress Trimmings, Handkerchiefs, Parasols, Wrappers. Capes and Jackets, And a full line of Infants' Wear.

Our prices are economical facts, in touch with the times.

Don't fail to give us a call, as it will pay you if in want of anything in our line.

TAYLOR'S BAZAAR,

118 Market Street. Wilmington, N. C. ap 28 tf

Robert R. Bellamy & Co.

Wholesale and Retail

Druggists

N. E. Cor. Front & Market sts. WILMINGTON, N. C.

Drugs, Chemicals AND Pharmaceutical Preparations. Proprietary Medicines, Druggist's Sundries, etc., etc.

☞City and Country patronage solicited. may 7 3m

For Sale or Exchange

—FOR—

Charleston Property,

as the owner wishes to again live South.

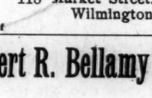
A new "V" front Brown Stone House 20x55, three-story brick extension 14x16, lot 100 feet, hard wood and cabinet trimming, dining room on parlor floor, three exposures, Butler's pantry, back stairs, dumb waiter, faultlessly furnished and located in St. Mark's Avenue, on Prospect Heights, four blocks below main entrance of Prospect Park and five blocks above Manhattan Beach Depot. Pleasant walking distance of the shopping, Church and Theatre district.

Will let for the Summer or longer for $100 per month. Address

ADMINISTRATRIX, my 19 tf Brooklyn, N. Y.

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C. AND Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



New York for Wilmington.

GROATAN, Saturday, May 18
ONEIDA, Saturday, May 25

Wilmington for New York.

ONEIDA, Saturday, May 18
CROATAN Saturday, May 25

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

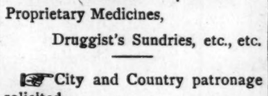
ONEIDA, Tuesday, May 14
CROATAN, Tuesday, May 21

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight or passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y. my 12 tf

Wilmington Seacoast Railroad.



ON AND AFTER MAY 22ND the trains on the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will run as follows: Leave Ocean View at 7.30 a. m. and 6 p. m. Leave Wilmington at 2.30 p. m. and 7 p. m.

JOHN H. DANIEL, my 21 tf General Manager.

For Rent.

The Hewlett place, at Ocean View. Nine rooms and a bar or sample rooms. House and bar rented separately, if desired.

Apply to D. O'CONNOR, my 2 tf Real Estate agent.

Special Announcement.

Having but a very few things left in the way of

Dry Goods

I have made a further cut in prices in order to get rid of them which the reader will do well to consider.

Tan Striped Dress Flannel

That is really worth 40c a yard, which we will offer to you at 25c a yard.

One piece of Tan Flannel to be sold at 25c a yard, the regular price is 50c a yard.

One piece of Fancy Blue Flannel at 25c, regular price 50c a yard.

One piece of Black and White Striped Battiste at 12½c a yard. It is 36-inch wide and sold for 25c a yard.

Black Dress Goods

In Cashmeres, Serges, Henriettas, Camel's Hair, &c., at less than cash value.

Colored Challies at 2c a yard.

Black Lawn worth from 12½ to 20c a yard, reduced to 7c a yard.

One lot Cream and Blue Crape Cloth at 5c a yard, which was 12½c a yard.

One lot of Lace Curtains to be sold at 45c a pair.

Linen Toweling.

One entire lot to be closed at 7c a yard that sold for 12½c a yard.

One lot of Hair Brushes to be sold at 10c each, regular price 25c each.

One lot of Black corsets to be sold at 22c a piece; sizes from Nos. 27, 28, 29 to 30

One lot of Embroidery, White, to be sold at 3c a yard, regular price 8 and 10c a yard.

If you are interested call at

C. E. GORDON'S,

N. E. Cor. Market and Front sts.

P. S.—Call and see our $3 Pants. my 12 tf

Statement

OF THE

Wilmington Savings and Trust Co.,

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

At the close of business, May 7th, 1895.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$181,790 51
Real estate	1,100 00
Furniture and fixtures	1,200 00
Due from Banks and cash on hand	13,145 50
	$197,236 01

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$25,000 00
Profits—less expenses and taxes paid	4,430 74
Deposits	167,806 27
	$197,236 01

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice-President.

GEO. SLOAN, Cashier

DIRECTORS:

H. WALTERS, GEO. R. FRENCH, H. L. VOLLERS, DON. MacRAE, J. W. ATKINSON, J. W. NORWOOD, S. F. HALL, D. O'CONNOR, W. A. RIACH, JAS. S. WORTH. my 14 tf

Statement

OF THE

Atlantic National Bank,

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

At close of business May 7th, 1895, condensed Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES:

Loans		$451,681 21
Overdrafts		1,284 95
U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds		31,250 00
Banking House and Fixtures		13,500 00
Redemption Fund		1,406 00
Due from other Banks	$133,997 27	
Cash on hand	127,630 26—261,547 63	
Total		$760,669 79

LIABILITIES.

Capital		$125,000 00
Surplus	$30,000 00	
Undivided profits	10,241 33—40,241 33	
Circulation	28,130 00	
Deposits		567,308 46
Total		$760,669 79

DIRECTORS:

J. W. NORWOOD, D. L. GORE, S. P. McNAIR, SAM'L BEAR, Jr., W. E. SPRINGER, C. W. WORTH, E. J. POWERS, H. L. VOLLERS, M. J. HEYER.

J. L. COKER, Hartsville, S. C. G. A. NORWOOD, Greenville, S. C. my 14 tf

HARRIS'

Lithia WATER

Harris' Lithia prings, S. C.

A water that contains about one-third more Lithia than the Buffalo Lithia Water, and has not an equal in the United States.

Read what the most noted Physicians of South Carolina have to say for the Harris Lithia Water:

After a long and varied experience in the use of Mineral Waters from many sources, both foreign and domestic, I am fully persuaded that the Harris Lithia Water possesses efficacy in the treatment of afflictions of the Kidneys and Bladder unequalled by any other Water of which I have made trial.

This opinion is based upon observation of its effects on my patients for the past three years, during which time I have prescribed it freely and almost uniformly with benefit in the medicable maladies above mentioned.

When failure to relieve has occured, I have imputed it to insufficient use of the Water, for my experience teaches me that from one to two quarts daily should be taken from two to four weeks, to secure